The Centre Reporter.

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CENTRE COUNTY IN THE CIVIL WAR.

148th Regiment, Pennsylvania Volunteers.

By T. P. Meyer, Sergeant Co. A., 148th Regiment, P. V.

[To be Continued.]

CHAPTER IV.

We will now reproduce some of the telegrams sent to the press and the Government during the battle. These will give the stages of the battle and the condition of suspense and anxiety at the time better than anything written since the battle.

Gettysburg, July 1, 11 a. m.

Gen. Reynolds, commanding the first corps, Army of the Potomac, has just been killed. His body was brought into town in an ambulance.

July 1, 11 a. m.

Wadsworth's Division of the first corps, is at this moment engaged with the enemy. The fight seems to be concentrated around McPherson's woods, a mile and a half from town. The firing is heavy and continuous. Many wounded are coming into town. Our citizens are greatly excited. Many are hiding their valuables and leaving the town.

July 1, noon.

The first corps passed here, crossing the fields, is hurrying to the front. It is rumored that other corps of the Army of the Potomac are near at hand.

July 1, 12:30 p. m.

Gen. Howard has passed through the town and gone to the front. The eleventh corp s is now coming up. It is difficult to get reliable news from the front but it is believed that our troops are holding their own.

July 1, 1 o'clock.

The firing is very heavy now and seems to be coming nearer to the town. Streams of the wounded are pouring into the town by the Chambersburg road, and the fields are covered with them. Shells are seen bursting in the vicinity of the Seminary and the air seems alive with exploding missiles.

July 1, 2 o'clock.

The eleventh corps, under Gen. Shurz, is now engaged with the enemy. The firing is extending all around to the right of the town. Our citizens are terrified and know not where to fly. Many of the wounded are dying in the streets.

July 1, 2:30 p. m.

It is reported that Gen. Roy Stone's brigade is almost annihilated.

July 1, 3 p. m.

It is rumored that Hall's battery has been captured by the enemy. Two Mississippi regiments have been captured and have passed through town to the rear.

July 1, 3:30 p. m.

Hall's battery has been retaken by our troops. Streams of wounded are still pouring into town.

July 1, 4 p. m.

The firing around Benner's Hill is very heavy. Our army is believed to be falling back and the fighting is getting nearer. There is intense excitement among our citizens.

July 1, 4:30 p. m.

It is feared the first and eleventh corps have been defeated. They are now hurrying through the town, artillery and infantry in wild confusion. Our citizens are terror stricken.

July 1, 5:30 p. m.

The town of Gettysburg is now in the hands of the enemy and I send this dispatch by messenger to "Two Taverns."

July 1, 5:30 p. m.

Gen. Hancock arrived on the field an hour ago and seems to have restored confidence in our troops. He is busy forming new lines of battle and it is believed we can hold the new position.

July 2, 7 a. m.

Firing has commenced on our left. It is believed to be on the Emmetsburg Road, in the vicinity of Sherfy's farm.

July 2, 10:30 a. m.

The firing on our left continues. Our troops are busy fortifying their lines and are in good spirits.

July 2, 3:30 p. m.

The firing on our left is becoming serious. Crashes of musketry mingled with some artillery firing.

July 2, 5 p. m.

The fighting on our left is at this moment terrible and extends along the Emmettsburg Road to Sherfy's farm and the Devils Den. Little Round Top is enveloped in smoke and heavy firing is heard coming from the woods in that direction. The fire seems to be extending along the entire line. Just now a tremendous crash of musketry is heard on Culps Hill.

July 2, 7 p. m.

The day is drawing to a close but the fighting still continues without any abatement. Since shortly after three o'clock there has been one continual roar of artillery and musketry.

July 3, 6 a. m.

The battle is on again. Daybreak was ushered in by a tremendous burst of musketry on Culps Hill. It has continued incessantly up to this hour. The roar is deafening. The twelfth corps is trying to drive the enemy out of our works, that they have occupied since last evening. All interest is now centered on Culps Hill.

July 3, 9 a. m.

The heavy fighting still continues on Culps Hill. It is believed that our troops are forcing the Rebels back.

July 3, 11 a. m.

Great cheering is heard, mingled with the firing on Culps Hill. It is believed that our men are gaining ground.

July 3d, 11:30 a. m.

Our troops have succeeded in driving the enemy out of our works on Culps Hill, and our whole line is once more intact, Every one is rejoicing.

July 3, 12:30 noon.

Some important movement is evidently taking place opposite our left centre. The enemy is seen concentrating on Seminary Ridge, and placing a great number of batteries in position.

July 3, 1:30 p. m.

An appalling artillery duel is now in progress. It extends over a line, a mile in length. The enemy opened with all their artillery and were promptly replied to by a hundred guns from our side. The heavens are filled with bursting shells and screaming missiles. The roar is awful.

July 3, 3:00 p. m.

The cannonade continues. The destruction is awful. We can see from the cemetery, caissons exploding and cannon being dismounted in all directions. The scene, though awful, is sublime. The firing is, at this moment abating and on our side is almost suspended.

July 3, 3:15 p. m.

A great attack is now being made on our left centre by a powerful column of rebels. We can see them advancing in hosts. Their lines are half a mile in length. They have a mile to march before they strike our line. All of our artillery has now opened upon them, and we can see them falling in hundreds. In a few minutes they will strike our line, and the fight will be at close quarters.

July 3, 4:30 p. m.

The battle is over and the rebel lines hurled back in wild disorder. We have won a great victory. The field is covered with rebel dead and wounded. Wild cheers ring out from all parts of our lines. Thousands of Rebel prisoners are being brought in; the rejoicing among our men is indescribable.

July 3, 10:00 p. m.

The field in front of the Second Corps, where the brunt of the attack fell, is covered with Rebel dead. The slaughter on both sides has been awful. Our men are gathering in the wounded, many of whom must die during the night for want of care. Our artillery suffered greatly in today's fight. Nearly half the guns along the front of the Second Corps were dismounted, and nearly all the caissons blown up. One battery had ninety-four horses out of one hundred killed.

Every thing is now quiet and profound silence reigns over the field, excepting the moans of the wounded and the rumbling of the ambulances, bringing in the wounded.

Not a light is visible along the enemy's lines; but sounds of moving trains and artillery are constantly heard. The men are worn out by three days fatigue and fighting and have settled down in sleep. Whole brigades are lying in line of battle, sleeping soundly, the dead and the living mingled together.

The heavy rains following every great battle were upon us in great earnest, so that if we were not wet and steaming with perspiration we were soaked in the rain. It must be borne in mind that we wore the same heavy, woolen uniforms, underwear and all, in the hottest summer or coldest winter weather, save only an overcoat. When blankets and tents were rain-soaked the weight of our luggage was greatly increased.

After a long and wearisome night of darkness, gloom and doubt the morning of July 5th, 1863, dawned wet and rainy. Our advancing skirmishers found that the Confederate army had left their positions and were in full retreat, toward "Old Virginia," by the same roads they had come.

Peculiar Wreck.

A peculiar accident happened to the freight engine one day last week when approaching Spring Mills. It appears the two middle drive wheels left the rails and thus the engine ran for a hundred feet or more when the wheels left the track, the engineer threw on the air-brake and the crew jumped for their lives. On removing the heavy rails, they curled up in all shapes, which demonstrated the wonderful strain on them.

Send the news to the Reporter.

FARM WORK FOR MICROBES.

A Pocket Army for Every Farmer to Levy on the Elements for Fertilizer—For the Progressive Farmer.

PART I.—BY HAROLD BOLCE.

In propagating nitrogen-breathing bacteria by the billion and shipping them, without impairing their vitality, to all parts of the United States to be used in multiplying the yield of crops from 100 to 1000 per cent. and in adding lasting fertility to the soil, the United States Government has brought about a great achievement in science. It is declared to be a wonderful thing even by progressive experts.

It is a triumph which, those who know say, means the regeneration of the earth. It has passed the experimental stage, and the United States Government is now ready to start innumerable armies from the laboratories in Washington, where they are recruited, to levy upon the infinite supply of nitrogen in the air and convert it to the uses of mankind. Significant as the work of these bacteria will be in stimulating plant productivity and in renewing depleted soils, it will be equaled if not eclipsed by their further service of imparting to foodstuffs the albuminoids and proteids which are of primary importance in the diet of human beings and animals.

"That the agricultural future of the world is to depend on minute creatures reared by the American Government may sound incredible," said a Washington scientist, "but experts throughout the world have been eagerly awaiting results of our experiments. Many tests abundantly prove our claims. The world's problem in agriculture has been to secure available nitrogen for plant life. It has been known to students of agriculture that bacteria on the roots of legumes enabled them to absorb nitrogen from the air. The effort to cultivate these bacteria, and to invent a method by which they could be preserved and transported, to be used by farmers for the inoculation of seed crops, has absorbed the scientific attention of one branch of the United States Government for over a year. Now we have mastered the mystery of growth of these microscopic friends of husbandry, and we are prepared to introduce a factor destined to revolutionize the whole field of American agriculture."

Henceforth, the farmer, if he chooses, can get his fertilizing material in miniature packages by mail, instead of by the ton and wagon-load. Under the microscope a colony of these organisms, which to the naked eye forms a speck the size of a pin head, is found to contain hundreds of thousands of individuals. Ten million can be held in a thimble. In tiny oblongs of absorbent cotton—just the size and appearance of a cake of yeast—fifteen million of these nitrogen-breathing bacteria are shipped to farmers. One of these small packages contains enough to furnish complete fertilization for an acre. In the pockets of an ordinary working suit a farmer can readily carry 160 packages, containing 2,400,000,000 bacteria, enough to enrich the soil and vastly increase the yield on a quarter-section of land.

The Government's process for shipment brings about a condition of suspended animation in the bacteria. The farmer revives them by immersing them in water. The quickening of their activity by this baptism is marvelous. They are then fed on certain nutrient salts, whereupon the phenomenon of their amazing increase in numbers is believed to be unparalled in nature. Beans, clover, cowpeas, alfalfa, lupine, peas, lentils, esparcette, vetches, lathyrus, peanuts and other plants require different bacteria. The Government gives full directions as to the kind of organisms to be used and in regard to the processes of inoculation. If directions are carefully followed by the farmer, the increase of his crops in poor soil will be, as stated, 100 to 1000 per cent. Clover in a depleted soil that was producing only 200 pounds to the acre yielded as high as 2000 pounds on the same area after the nitrogen-breathing bacteria were introduced to aid the plants.

All the far-reaching benefits of the Government's discovery will be conferred without price upon the farmers of America. It is believed that when the possibilities of these nitrogen-gathering organisms are realized, their introduction throughout the United States will rival the enormous activity of seed distribution itself. To meet the inevitable demand, the Government is greatly elaborating its laboratory facilities.

It is with a platinum spade no larger than a flattened pin that the United States Government is cutting the way to the enrichment of American soil.

The new laboratories for the rearing of these nitrogen-breathing organisms will be similar to those in which the discoveries have been made. The work is carried on in great glass cages, the air in which is supplied through flues lined and covered at the point of inlet with cotton saturated with sterilizing chemicals. The walls of the compartments are washed down frequently with bichloride of mercury. It is necessary to exclude every atom of fungi and every malignant microbe that might attack the microscopic bacteria under development, and hence the air of the laboratories is purged of all noxious forms of life and rendered perfectly sterile. In this pure atmosphere science is working out the future of American agriculture.

It is there that the platinum spade is so serviceable. At one side of the investigator burns an oxyhydrogen light. Holding the implement by its wooden handle, the platinum is plunged into the fierce flame. The metal, which does not fuse in the intense heat, is instantly freed of any organism that might have clung to it from preceding experiments. The nodules of legumes containing colonies of bacteria are then opened, the individuals dug out and studied under lenses which magnify the bacteria to 3000 times their natural size. By using the platinum implement first plunged into purifying flame, possibility of mixing the bacteria is avoided, as the organisms are prevented from being carried over from one experiment to another.

Having classified the bacteria under examination as the species adapted to clover, vetches, beans or other plants, the organisms are fed upon the special nutrient salts which repeated tests have shown to be favorable to their increase. German investigators, operating along similar lines, sought to rear the bacteria on sections and decoctions of the plant which, in their free state, they naturally select. This proved to be a failure, for though the creatures grew, the super-abundance of nitrogenous food served them rendered them incapable of longer gathering it from the atmosphere. The mistaken method produced hearty-looking bacteria but led to atrophy of the faculty that makes them valuable to agriculture.

Note From Kansas.

Miss Margaret E. Keller, who holds a position with the Beall Grain Company, Kansas City, recently writes the Reporter: This has been the most disastrous flood record that this country has ever had. The loss to the grain trade alone being millions of dollars, to say nothing of the great loss to life and personal property. There were thousands of cars of grain standing on track, some of them being totally submerged, while some stood only half way in water. Some of the elevators in this city, in which were stored thousands and thousands of bushels of grain, stood from twenty to thirty feet in water, the grain being a total loss. You could only fully realize the situation, to have been here on the ground yourself; efforts fail, when one tries to tell of the great destruction. The cities of Argentine and Armourdale suburbs of Kansas City which were swept entirely away, you might say, are being rebuilt and people are going back to their homes, only to live in the filth, foul and impure conditions, as it will be impossible for ten years to come to put those cities back to what they once were, and to where people can live there as they once lived before the flood.

Henry Lowry Secures Contract.

Henry Lowry, of Bellefonte, has received the contract for the erection of the track building at Pennsylvania State College, and work will be commenced on it immediately. This edifice is intended for the use of the base ball and foot ball teams, together with all the other athletic clubs of the College. When teams or other athletic clubs come to State College this is the place they will be entertained.

The building will be a frame tructure 33x84 feet, three stories high. It will contain a kitchen, dining room and parlor, together with bath rooms containing the very latest and most improved appliances. It will have in it a number of sleeping apartments which will be used in entertaining their guests. It is something that is badly needed and will have the effect of making athletics more a feature of the College.

Make no Deductions.

No deductions need be made from the story that Rev. W. F. D. Noble, a Methodist minister located at Snydertown, while out walking recently, came across a den of copper head snakes and dispatched thirty-nine of the venomous reptiles.

THAT ROAD LAW.

Estimated Cost of Roads Frightens Farmers From Applying for Aid.

From all accounts the money appropriated in this State for good roads is likely to remain in the State treasury. The Wilkesbarre "Record" as an illustration comments on the unwillingness of township authorities to apply for State aid, by the statement that the estimated cost of the roads to be constructed is $5,000 per mile. Of this sum the State would pay $3,334, the county $833 and the township $833.

The townships are unable or unwilling to tax themselves to the extent required, and in consequence the law is likely to remain a dead letter until amended or repealed.

The truth of the matter is the specifications laid down by the state authorites are of such a nature that the cost of construction, even with the state aid, is beyond the reach of the townships in the rural districts. The thought of Potter township, for instance, building $5000-a-mile-road would not be entertained by the most progressive. That township has probably one hundred miles of road, and to construct roads at the rate of $5000 per mile, would mean the bonding of the township for as many thousand dollars as there are miles of road.

It must be remembered that the greater portion of the county tax comes direct from the rural districts. To build roads, the county tax would at once be raised to a point beyond endurance.

An Object of Contempt

The following is being printed in the local newspapers, because there is not a village that does not have a complement of street loafers. The writer of the article, however, forgot to say that the parents are responsible for this condition of their children. The average parent has a responsibility that is too lightly regarded. Hear about the street loafer:

The street loafer is an object of contempt everywhere. He has no social standing anywhere. His influence, if he is so fortunate to have any, is always in the wrong direction. No one has ever found out what he is good for except that of being in everybody's way. He is considered a common nuisance for which no one has found a successful remedy. No successful business man will employ any one hanging around on the street corners. The boy who can find nothing to do but loaf around the street would not be of very great value to his employer. When you have nothing else to do you should spend your time in trying to learn something that will be a benefit instead of spending it in idleness. You are watched just as closely when you are at work as you are when you are not working. Business men are on the lookout for boys of energy and thrift. A position is always ready for this kind of a boy. A street loafer does not want to work and could not get a position if he wanted it.

LOCALS.

Miss Mabel Arney last week went to Northumberland where she is being entertained by Miss Leisher, daughter of James Leisher, formerly of this place.

Dr. McCluney Radcliffe, of Philadelphia, arrived in town Saturday. Monday he returned to Mifflin county where, with his wife and daughter, he will spend some time.

W. A. Sandoe, Jr., is now located at Pittsburg. On returning to Cincinnati, after his visit to his parents at this place, a short time ago, he immediately came back to the Smoky City.

While George Cunningham, was driving over the mountain to Altoona a large panther attacked his team. Cunningham shot at the panther, but killed his horse. The panther escaped.

Mr. and Mrs. George W. Tressler, of near Penns Cave, Saturday stopped at the Reporter office on their way to the home of Felix Shuey, at Shiloh, who lives on one of the well kept farms in that locality, and is the father of Mrs. Tressler. Mr. and Mrs. Tressler belong to the present day frugal c lass of farmers who make farming pay.

Mrs. Myra Kerr and daughter Miss Kathryn and son William, about October 1st, will go to Chicago to take up permanent residence in that city. Miss Kerr has secured a position in the Elgin public schools, near Chicago. Mrs. Kerr has a son who has been living in Chicago for several years, and it is his purpose to again unite with the Kerr family.

Mrs. C. A. Spencer, of Curwensville, was the guest of W. H. Bartholomew, her uncle, last week. Mrs. Spencer is a sister of Miss Anna Bartholomew, and will remain in Centre county until the beginning of September. It was the intention of the Spencers to move from Curwensville to Harrisburg, but the plans have been changed, and consequently they will remain at the former place.

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS.

HAPPENINGS OF LOCAL INTEREST FROM ALL PARTS.

Mrs. John Mullen, of Allegheny City, accompanied by her little son, is visiting her brothers and sisters in this place.

A. J. Reesman last week received a fine line of heaters, ranges and cook stoves. The designs are new and pretty.

Dairyman W. J. Smith has one of the finest herds of cows in this section, and besides are well fed and well groomed.

Jeffries remains the champion prize fighter. Corbett was knocked out in the tenth round in the combat Friday night in San Francisco.

Mrs. Laura Bricker and Mrs. Harry E. Shirk, both of Boalsburg, drove to Centre Hall last week and were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. B. D. Brisbin.

The apple crop throughout the United States is a large one. Cold storage space in the larger cities is being eagerly sought in advance of harvesting the crop.

Sidney Reish, brother of James Reish of the Potters Mills hotel, paid his brothers in Centre county a visit. He is engaged on a street railway in Pittsburg.

General John P. Taylor, of Reedsville, was one of fifteen persons who went from Mifflin county to San Francisco to attend the Grand Army Encampment.

Mrs. Clayton McKinney, of Altoona, whose husband is employed in the car shops in that place, in company with her two children is visiting her old home at Potters Mills.

Adam Krumrine, of Tusseyville, was unfortunate in losing a young horse valued at $150. The animal was one of a pair of well mated colts purchased from Joel Kerstetter, at this place.

Mrs. McGeehan, wife of Dr. W. A. McGeehan, of Eastbrook, Lawrence county, is visiting among friends in Centre Hall. Dr. McGeehan, several years ago, practiced his profession in this place and proved to be a skilled physician.

Milton Walker, of Penn Hall, was admitted to the Bellefonte Hospital Wednesday of last week, suffering with appendicitis. He was operated upon, the operation being quite successful and is reported as getting along nicely.

Mrs. W. A. Sandoe and daughter Helen, of this place, Saturday went to Burnham where they remained over Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Porter W. Odenkirk, and Monday proceeded to Mifflin. Before returning they will go to Harrisburg.

A state charter was issued to the Mifflinburg Buggy Company of Mifflinburg, for the manufacture and sale of vehicles, capital, $30,000. Directors, H. F. Blair, R. S. Gutelius, H. B. Young, D. L. Glover H. P. Glover and W. B. Sterling.

Mrs. J. Emory Hoy and daughter Elizabeth, of Philadelphia, Saturday returned from a visit to the Hoy family at State College to Centre Hall, where they will remain for several weeks with Mrs. Hoy's parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Mingle.

The good work William Bilger did in building the abutments for the Spring Mills bridge across Penns Creek no doubt accounts for the action of the county commissioners in giving him a similar contract for a county bridge across Pine Creek, Harris township.

Miss Laura Runkle, of Centre Hall, for the past ten days has been in Pottsgrove, where she is being entertained by a former school friend, Mrs. Wm. Finkle, nee Katie McCool. Before returning home the latter part of this week, Miss Runkle will visit Mrs. John Deitrick, of Milton.

Mr. and Mrs. Emmit Labar and niece, of Lestershire, New York, were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Olie D. Stover, in this place. Mr. Labar is a barber and with his wife, who is the sister of Mrs. Stover, came to Centre county to compare mountain scenery and visit among friends.

Mrs. B. H. Arney and Mrs. A. J. Reesman were summoned to Tyrone last week on account of the serious illness of their sister, Mrs. Lydia Smith, who is suffering with pneumonia. From last reports her condition was such that recovery is possible. Mr. Smith is an employe of the railroad company.

H. W. Love, of Wilkinsburg, was in town last week to attend the funeral of his aunt, Miss Wilson, and look after the estate of his mother which had been left to Miss Wilson during her lifetime. Mr. Love is engaged in a large planing mill and has regular employment. A short time ago he was unfortunate in having all his tools destroyed by fire when the planing mill was entirely consumed.

RUSSIA SENDS WARSHIPS

Part of Her Black Sea Fleet to Overawe the Sultan.

FULL REPARATION IS DEMANDED.

The Russian Ambassador Has Been Telegraphed to From Sebastopol Notifying Him of the Orders Received by the Naval Headquarters so That He May be Prepared for Whatever May Come.

St. Petersburg (By Cable).—A squadron of the Russian Black Sea fleet has been ordered to sail for Turkish waters.

Notification of this move has been telegraphed from Sebastapol to M. Zinovieff, Russian Ambassador at Constantinople. The dispatch of the squadron is intended to emphasize Russia's intention of exacting complete compliance with her demands as to satisfaction for the murder, by a Turkish gendarme, of M. Rostkovski, Consul at Monastir.

It is announced that last Tuesday Count Lamsdorff, the Foreign Minister, telegraphed to M. Zinovieff that the Sultan's expression of regret, the visit of condolence by Prince Ahmed, the Sultan's son, to the Ambassador, and the expressions of sympathy by the Grand Vizier and other high Turkish dignitaries were not considered adequate satisfaction for the murder of M. Rotkovski. When M. Stchedbina, the Russian Consul, was murdered at Mitrovitza, continued Count Lamsdorff, the Czar took into account the fact that the murderer was an Albanian whose tribe was in rebellion against the government. The outrage at Monastir, however, was of another character and called for the severest punishment. The Czar therefore ordered that no promises on the part of the Turkish Government should be accepted, but that demands should be made as follows:

The immediate severe punishment of the murderer; the arrest and exemplary punishment of the person who fired at M. Rostkovski's carriage; the immediate production of positive proofs that the Vali of Monastir has been actually banished; the instant severe punishment of all other civil and military officials responsible for the murder.

In addition to these demands, Ambassador Zinovieff was instructed as a means of general pacification in the vilayet of Monastir to make the following demands:

The immediate severe punishment of all Turkish officials regarding whose "outrageous behavior" a report was made by the director of the Russian consulate at Uskub, after a tour of the vilayet of Kossovo in company with the Austrian consul; the reinstatement of Ismail Hakki, who was dismissed, but whose efficiency was indorsed by Hilmi Pasha, inspector-general of Macedonia; the immediate release of the peasant on whom, according to the reports of the Russian and Austrian Consuls, the Turks perpetrated atrocities; the instant dismissal and punishment of the officials of the administration of Salonica and Prisrend, "whose malpractices have been exposed to the light," and finally that the foreign officers employed in Macedonia shall immediately enroll fresh gendarmes and police for the protection of the peaceful population and the introduction of legislative order.

FRESH FLOODS IN THE WEST.

Kansas and Missouri Rivers Swollen By Heavy Rains.

Kansas City, Mo. (Special).—Traffic between the two Kansas cities is practically suspended, all the temporary pile bridges erected after the great flood in June having been endangered by a rise in the Kansas river.

The water has been causing more or less trouble for two weeks, the result of continuous heavy rains west of this place.

At Armourdale, which was wiped out in the June flood, the river is 14 feet above low water mark and 7 feet higher than the lowest mark recorded since June. It will have to go 15 feet higher, however, to reach the town proper and the only damage possible is to the bridges. The current is so swift that rowboats can hardly live in it.

DOWIE REVISES BALL RULES.

Sinful Thieving of Bases Forbidden in Zion City.

Chicago (Special).—Having revised the American flag, Dr. Dowie has now started out to change the rules of the national game, baseball. These are some of the rules which have been introduced in the Zion City games.

"No bases shall be stolen. Thievery is sinful and must be put down by the faithful.

"The pitcher shall not use deceit on delivering the ball, for deceit is sinful. The curve must be cut out.

"There shall be no umpires, for they are a race of liars and their sayings breed strife and discontent.

"Brethren who meet upon the field must play the game in brotherly love and not in contention and self-glorification, for that way lies destruction."

Cashier's Arrest Follows a Failure.

Red Bank, N. J. (Special).—L. Cowart, cashier of the defunct Navesink National Bank, was arrested on the charge of embezzling $40,000 of the bank's funds. Cowart surrendered to United States Marshal Garsarde here and furnished $10,000 bail to await the action of the Federal grand jury.

Weds Death in Gay Gown.

New Haven (Special).—After arraying herself in evening dress for a dinner party, to which she had been invited, Mrs. Arthur E. Bradley drank carbolic acid and died in the presence of her parents and family. Mrs. Bradley was the handsome daughter of Loren H. Stannard, a wealthy manufacturer of this city, and lived at his summer place, Woodmont, on the Sound. Mrs. Bradley was unhappy in her married life.

THE LATEST NEWS IN SHORT ORDER.

Domestic.

Seven persons are now dead as the result of Gilbert Twigg, a maniac, firing recklessly on a crowd at a concert at Winfield, Kansas.

Gen. John C. Black and many other prominent delegates to the Grand Army of the Republic convention arrived in San Francisco.

Justice John Woodward, of New York, addressed the Chautauqua Assembly on "The Mob Spirit in America."

Vice-President J. H. Thompson, of the Charleston (W. Va.) Electric Company, has disappeared and is charged with embezzlement.

John S. Wise surprised Richmond society by cancelling his box at the Horse Show.

Norfolk (Va.) believes Vice-President J. M. Barr is soon to leave the Seaboard Air Line.

The will of A. H. Grandy, of Norfolk, Va., leaves his $175,000 estate to his widow and children, making her executrix.

In an address before the Lutheran Assembly at Dixon, Ill., Judge Grosscup, of the United States Circuit Court, said that government control of monopolies is essential to the perpetuation of American institutions.

Secretaries Shaw and Hitchcock were among the President's callers. Objection is made to calling Congress together during October because engagements of members in State campaigns.

Col. T. G. Bush, president of the Alabama Consolidated Coal and Iron Company, spoke in behalf of the operators in arbitration proceedings at Birmingham, Ala.

The socialistic element in the Garmentworkers National Convention, in session at Indianapolis, made a second and unsuccessful attempt to capture control.

A white man named Thompson and a negro named Wrightman were lynched in Colquitt county, Ga., for assaulting a white woman.

George R. Creighton, a New York law clerk, has been arrested on the charge of forgery, the amount involved being $10,000.

The Acting Comptroller of the Treasury has ordered the closing of the Navesink National Bank because of shortages.

The steam yacht Wainotta was burned to the water's edge while going down the Connecticut river.

At the session of the International Typographical Union Mr. Frederick Driscoll, commissioner of the Publishers' Association, made an address, in which he criticised the printers' strike in Seattle and Spokane. Mr. Gompers was among the speakers.

The steamer El Dorado, which arrived in New York from Galveston, picked up a boat containing a boy 100 miles at sea. He said he had been swept out of the harbor of Havana.

Mr. D. M. Parry, president of the Manufacturers' National Association, delivered an address at the Chautauqua Conference on "Mob Spirit in Organied Labor."

H. H. Hallowell, assistant secretary and treasurer of Penn Mutual Life Insurance Company of Philadelphia, died suddenly in Atlantic City.

The grand jury at Danville, Ill., has indicted 18 men and one woman for participating in the recent lynching in that place.

The Alabama miners have engaged lawyers to represent them in the hearing to arbitrate their differences with the operators.

At Abilene, Tex., ex-Governor Lubbach, of that State, aged 87 years, and Miss Lou Scott, aged 40 years, were married.

Miss Maude Espy died at St. Paul, Minn., after eating toadstools, which she had mistaken for mushrooms.

Foreign.

Important changes were made in the Servian Cabinet.

Rev. J. J. Harty, of St. Louis, was consecrated in Rome as Archbishop of Manila.

King Charles of Roumania expresses the view that an economic coalition of Europe against the United States is practicable.

The Turkish gendarme Halim, who killed the Russian consul at Monastir, was condemned by court-martial and immediately executed.

The first International Congress of Wireless Telegraphy decided at its concluding session in Berlin to keep its proceedings secret.

Major W. O. Daniels is financing a scientific expedition that will leave Southampton on September 1 for New Guinea.

Lieutenant General von Einen was appointed to succeed Lieutenant General von Gossler as German war minister.

Cardinals Rampolla and Mocenni opened the seals put on Leo's apartments after his death. Several millions of francs and other valuables were found there.

Russia has established a new viceroyalty over the Amur district and the Kwantung Province, with Vice Admiral Alexieff as the viceroy.

The people living in the district surrounding Vesuvius are in a state of panic on account of the threatened eruption.

The Chinese imperial troops have been defeated by rebels at Hwei Chou Fu, in the southern Province of Kwangtung.

Vice Admiral Cervera resigned his post as chief of staff of the Spanish Navy.

The British House of Commons voted yesterday to approve the government's agreement with the Cunard Steamship Company and with the International Mercantile Marine Company.

Financial.

A Boston wager is that Copper will go to 75 before it falls to 30.

The sensational jump of 6 per cent. in Reading in one hour almost caused a panic among the bears.

It is getting more difficult every year for small railroads to preserve their independence.

A thoroughly reliable firm of bankers sent this dispatch to Winthrop Smith & Company: "I do not think Gould and Standard Oil people have control of New York Central yet by any means."

HAVOC BY THE HURRICANE

Pathetic Scenes of Desolation in Jamaica Islands.

THOUSANDS OF PEOPLE HOMELESS.

Unripe Bananas Constitute Their Sole Food, and This Supply is Likely to Fail Soon—Misery of the Survivors is Indescribable—Gendarmes' Barracks Collapse and Plantations Are Destroyed in Martinique.

Kingston, Jamaica (Special).—There are heartrending scenes all over the eastern and northern portions of the Island of Jamaica. At Port Antonio thousands of homeless and starving people have sought shelter in the old prison and the few other buildings which survived the hurricane. Those who could not be accommodated are cowering in the lee of ruined walls and dismantled piazzas.

The railroad sheds and waiting rooms are filled with women and children. The merchants of the place are feeding the hungry to the best of their ability, but the majority are depending upon green, unripe bananas knocked down by the storm. The bananas are boiled in kerosene tins over open fires made from the debris of destroyed buildings. This is their sole food supply, and it will be exhausted in 9 or 10 days.

Similar conditions prevail at Annotta Bay, Buff Bay, Orange Bay, Port Maria, Manchionel, Morant Bay, Bowden and other small seaports.

In the interior the distress is equally acute.

Scarcely a peasant's home is standing. Even the dwellings of the planters, which are built of substantial stone, have been unroofed, with few exceptions.

The misery of the peasant's families is indescribable. Their homes and belongings have been literally blown away and they are contriving rude shelters from fallen trees, palm boughs and banana leaves. Owing to the continued unsettled weather, with occasional torrential rains, these shelters afford practically no protection.

Efforts are being made at Kingston to relieve the immediate wants of some localities by subscriptions of food and clothing, but the local efforts at best are totally inadequate. Unless immediate shipments of foodstuffs come from America, deaths by starvation are inevitable.

The local hospitals in the wind-swept districts are crowded with the injured and the death list is increasing. Some localities have not yet reported. One man was beheaded at Port Antonio by a flying sheet of galvanized roofing.

Many were seriously wounded by falling houses, trees and walls. Several houses located on the banks of the streams were carried away by the floods. The fate of their inmates is unknown, but it is feared that there have been many deaths from this cause.

The bulk of the Blue Mountain Coffee has been ruined, and the Pimento Groves, which stood for centuries, have been obliterated.

It is now estimated that the loss on the island will reach $15,000,000.

THREE KILLED, TWENTY INJURED.

Man Fires Into Crowd Without Provocation—Believed to be Insane.

Winfield, Kan. (Special).—Gilbert Twigg, aged 30 years, supposed to be insane, appeared on the principal street of this town with a double-barrel shotgun and fired both charges deliberately into a crowd of 5000 people who were listening to a band concert. He killed three persons, fatally injured three and shot 20 others, of whom six may die. Twigg was himself killed by a policeman.

The band had just finished playing a waltz, when Twigg stepped out from an alley a half block distant, and, deliberately taking aim at the bandstand, fired two shots. R. E. Oliver, a band man, fell at the first shot, but the crowd, not realizing what had happened, rushed toward Twigg, believing that there had been an accidental shooting of some kind. As the crowd closed in the crazed man discharged two more shots at them, causing a scattering in every direction.

With the crowd fleeing, the man stood firing at random in every direction. Men and women howled and shrieked and ran, but no one seemed able to stop the frightful carnage until Policeman George Nichols confronted Twigg and fired a bullet into his head. Before life was extinct the demented man drew a revolver from his pocket and fired a shot into his own body.

The dead and dying were by this time scattered all over the street, and the frightened people sought safety in flight. It was fully an hour before they realized what had happened and recovered sufficiently to take care of the injured.

Gilbert Twigg was a miller by trade. He was commonly referred to as "Crazy" Twigg, but no one thought him dangerous.

India's Financial Condition.

London (By Cable).—Lord George Hamilton, secretary of state for India, in presenting the annual statement of the Indian budget in the House of Commons, told an encouraging story of the progress and stability of India's finances. He pointed out that there had been substantial surpluses in the last three years, amounting this year to $15,250,000. This financial situation will enable the government to reduce the salt tax by 25 per cent. and make considerable remissions in the income tax. Lord George Hamilton said the fears regarding a scarcity of food in India this year might be dismissed.

Took the Children, Too.

Chicago, Ill. (Special).—John Malander, a foreman in the Illinois Central shops, boarded with Mrs. Minnie Teedeman at 9741 Escanaba avenue for four months. Friday he left, taking with him Mrs. Minnie Teedeman, five little Teedemans, ranging in age from nine years to eight months; one load of assorted furniture from the Teedeman home, and one well-stocked larder from the Teedeman residence. Teedeman arrived home late in the day. He found the empty home locked.

NATIONAL CAPITAL AFFAIRS.

Silver for Philippines.

Director of the Mint Roberts received a report on the purchase of silver for the new Philippine coinage, covering everything up to August 1, which shows that the seigniorage will yield a substantial contribution to the redemption fund in the new Philippine currency system.

"We have bought 9,711,506.96 ounces of bullion, for which we have paid $5,145,762.53," said Mr. Roberts. "The Philippine peso contains three and a half more grains than our silver dollar, or an amount of bullion worth slightly less than 42 cents. Its currency value on the new 32 to 1 basis will be 50 cents, leaving a margin of profit in the shape of seigniorage which will go far toward solving the redemption fund problem which for so long troubled the Senate financiers."

Bids for $3,000,000 worth of certificates of indebtedness of the Philippines have been invited by the Bureau of Insular Affairs, under the direction of the Secretary of War.

These certificates will be issued in coupon form in the denomination of $1,000. They will be dated September 1, 1903, will bear interest at the rate of 4 per cent. yearly, payable quarterly, and will be redeemable in one year after date of issue by the Guaranty Trust Company. Proposals will be opened August 25. These certificates will be issued to create a gold reserve. Three million dollars' worth of similar certificates have already been issued to buy bullion, and Congress has authorized the issuance of $10,000,000 worth of the certificates in all.

The Philippine certificates are exempt from the payment of taxes or duties either in the United States or the Philippines.

Secretary Shaw has authorized the statement that these certificates will be accepted by the Treasury Department as security for deposits of the public money of the United States in national banks. They may be substituted at any time for United States bonds now held as security for deposit, on condition that the bonds released be used for additional banknote circulation.

Professor M'Gee Resigns.

Prof. W. J. McGee, ethnologist in charge of the United States Bureau of American Ethnology, has resigned to devote himself more actively to the work of supervising the ethnological section of the Louisiana Purchase Exposition.

It is understood that one of the reasons for Professor McGee leaving the bureau were differences which had existed between him and Prof. W. H. Holmes ever since the latter became the chief of the bureau.

Major J. W. Powell, the former chief of the bureau, died last lear. Professor McGee was then thought by many of the scientists of Washington to be the logical successor of Major Powell, as Professor McGee had been in close touch with the anthropological and ethnological work of the bureau and attached to many of its expeditions into the far Southwest for a number of years. It is stated that Professor McGee has been at odds with the new chief ever since he assumed charge of the bureau. Professor McGee is one of the best known scientists of this city and has been connected with the bureau since 1893.

Professor McGee's wife is Dr. Anita Newcomb McGee, who has the distinction of being the only woman who has held a commission as surgeon in the United States Army. This was during the Spanish-American War. She is the daughter of Prof. Simon Newcomb, the noted astronomer of this city.

Lawlessness at a Navy Yard.

The commandant of the Charleston (S. C.) Navy Yard has asked the Department for an additional force of marines to protect life and property there, it being alleged that a condition of lawlessness exists.

In the Departments.

The State Department holds that ammendment by Colombia will kill the Panama canal treaty.

Lieut.-Gen. Samuel B. M. Young assumed his new duties as chief of the General Staff of the Army.

The commandant reports a serious condition of lawlessness existing at the Charleston (S. C.) Navy Yard.

William Nelson Cromwell, counsel for the Panama Canal Company, called at the State Department with favorable information regarding status of the pending treaty in the Colombian Congress.

W. J. Spilman will succeed A. W. Machen as superintendent of the Rural Free-delivery Department. He is now appointing clerk of the Postoffice Department.

Recommendations of far-reaching importance to the Naval Academy are contained in the annual report of the Board of Visitors of the Academy.

Prof. W. J. McGee, ethnologist in charge of Bureau of American Ethnology in Smithsonian Institute, has resigned.

Secretary Root has issued an order defining the duties of the general staff of the army.

Gov. John Walter Smith, of Maryland, has been called upon to name a young lady of that State to christen the cruiser Maryland about the middle of September.

A disrespectful letter written by Colonel Meade, of the Marine Corps, to the Navy Department has caused his retirement in his present grade by the President.

A cablegram from Minister Beaupre at Bogota says that no final action has been taken on the Panama Canal treaty by Colombian Senate.

It is stated that an effort will be made when the Senate assembles to prevent the confirmation of General Wood as major general.

The Weather Bureau has come into conflict with the Anti-Smoke law.

Postmaster General Payne has prepared a statement showing the status of rural free delivery.

The Secretary of the Treasury received a contribution of $100 for the conscience fund.

In a report to the State Department Richard Guenther, consul general at Frankfort, Germany, says that German newspapers are authority for the prediction that the mule will be replaced during the present century with a more efficient animal, being a cross between horse and donkey.

IN DREAD OF A MASSACRE

Danger Threatening the Christians in Macedonia.

THE POWERS MAKE REPRESENTATION.

The Daily Gathering of the Mussulmans in the Mosques Taken to Presage a General Uprising—Roumanians and Greeks in a Number of Villages Said to Have Joined the Insurgents.

Sofia, Bulgaria (By Cable).—The Bulgarian Foreign Office has received very disquieting news from its agent at Uskub. The Mussulmans are daily gathering in the mosques, and it is feared that a massacre of the Christians is impending.

Officials here express the belief that the intervention of the powers alone can prvent a disaster.

The Bulgarian government takes a decidedly pessimistic view of the situation and the officials openly express their fears that a general massacre of the Christians in Macedonia is inevitable—possibly within four days and almost certanly within a fortnight.

The reports from Bulgarian official agents in Macedonia show that affairs are rapidly growing worse. The fact that the Mussulman population is becoming excited and congregating in the mosques is regarded as a bad feature, indicating the possibility that a massacre may occur within a very short time. It is feared that such a massacre would cover a wide area and include both the large towns and the villages, and that the Turkish soldiers would prove incapable of restraining the fanatical Mussulmans even desired to do so, which is by no means certain. Monastir now contains only four battalions of Turkish troops, two consisting of raw recruits, who will be quite unreliable in the event of serious troubles.

Representatives of the Macedonian committee say that the Roumanian and Greek inhabitants of a number of villages have joined the insurgents and that the Mohammedans are taking refuge in the cities and towns.

Vienna (By Cable).—Notwithstanding the increasing number of reports of outbreaks in the Balkans, official circles begin to manifest a more confident attitude. Serious representations will again be made to Turkey and Bulgaria, which it is hoped will prove efficacious. Nevertheless, it is admitted that some untoward incident may easily precipitate disaster.

AUTOMOBILIST RIDES TO DEATH.

Drowned in the Erie Canal Into Which His Machine Had Plunged.

Fort Plain, N. Y. (Special).—Henry F. Spaulding, aged about 45 years, an expert enthusiastic automobilist from West Orange, N. J., rode to his death four miles east of this village.

He was on the towpath of the Erie canal. Owing to the muddy condition of the path, and while turning out from a linesman's rig, his automobile swerved more than he intended and man and machine plunged into the water.

Two linemen rushed to aid Spaulding, but in their excitement let go entirely of a rope, one end of which they had thrown to the drowning man. One of them then hastened to Spraker, a hamlet nearby, for assistance, but by the time help arrived Spaulding had gone down for the last time. The body was recovered badly entangled in the rope which had been thrown to him. The machine, uninjured and with the brakes set, was also recovered.

Mr. Spaulding was en route to Chicago and met an accident one week ago that kept him in Amsterdam for repairs until Tuesday. Meantime his traveling companions, his wife and her mother, had gone on to Syracuse, where they were waiting in order to continue the journey with him.

Spaulding was a veteran automobilist and at Amsterdam was advised by Dr. J. H. Jackson, of this village, that owing to the dangerous condition of the roads he should at least ship his auto to Syracuse. Mr. Spaulding replied that he considered himself equal to the difficulties before him and continued his journey.

PTOMAINES IN THE SANDWICHES.

Hurry Call for Doctors to Attend a Company at Senator Stewart's Farm.

Washington, D. C. (Special).—A remarkable case of ptomaine poisoning is reported from Ashburne, Va., some 20 miles outside Washington. A large number of persons had gathered to attend the sale of the dairy farm owned by Senator Stewart, of Nevada. The Senator served the prospective buyers a light luncheon, consisting of coffee, ham and beef sandwiches. Shortly afterwards at least 50 persons were taken violently ill, suffering from ptomaine poisoning. One after another they fell to the ground, writhing in agony. Horsemen were dispatched in all directions for doctors, and a number responded and took prompt measures to relieve the sufferers.

In a statement issued at 11 o'clock p. m. doctors report their patients out of danger, although many still are quite ill. An investigation developed the fact that the beef, which had been purchased in Washington and kept in cold storage on the farm for several days, was the cause of the trouble.

Masked Men Kill Two.

Glendive, Mont. (Special).—Three masked men attempted to hold up, in a Northern Pacific freight car, six laborers en route to the wheat fields of the Dakotas. The laborers resisted the demands of the robbers, and a general fight ensued, resulting in the killing of Thomas McGowan, of Philadelphia, who was shot through the right lung, and an unknown man, whose body was found in the car later in the day. The robbers escaped uninjured, but two of them were arrested.

SCHOOL OF JOURNALISM.

Joseph Pulitzer Gives $1,000,000 to Establish It at Columbia University.

New York (Special).—Joseph Pulitzer, proprietor of the New York World, has provided an immediate gift of $1,000,000 to establish a school of journalism at Columbia University, this city, and will add $1,000,000 more if the school is in successful operation in three years.

A new building will be erected on Morningside Heights at a cost of $500,000 for the school. It will hold toward the university a relation similar to that of the other professional schools, such as those of law, medicine and mines, and like them will be national in scope.

An important feature of the school's organization will be an advisory board, to be nominated by the donor. This board will aid in devising a plan and course of instruction to meet every requirement of the scholastic as well as the more strictly practical side. Seven members have already been designated by the donor, and, with others to be selected hereafter, will be nominated to the trustees of Columbia University at their meeting in October. They are Nicholas Murray Butler, president of Columbia University ex officio; Whitelaw Reid, John Hay, Secretary of State; St. Clair McKelway, Andrew D. White, Victor F. Lawson, of Chicago; Chas. H. Taylor, Sr., of Boston, and Charles W. Eliot, president of the Harvard University.

President Eliot's duties in connection with his own university will prevent him from serving permanently on the advisory board, but he has cordially approved the plan, has given counsel to the founder and will give to individual members of the advisory board the benefits of his experience and knowledge. All the others named have signified their willingness to serve.

Government Clerk Commits Suicide.

Washington, D. C. (Special).—Stephen E. Hall, of Aurora, Ill., a protege of Senator Albert J. Hopkins killed himself in his room here. Hall shortly before ending his life, had suffered great pain, due to some stomach trouble, and had applied at a nearby durg store for a certain medicine which the druggist was unable to supply. He was a clerk in the department of commerce and labor, having been transferred recently from the census bureau where he had been employed during the last two years.

Firearms in Cuba.

Havana (Special).—The secretary of the interior ordered dealers in firearms to report to the police the sale of every rifle and to take a receipt therefor. Senor Zaldo, secretary of state, has directed Senor Zayas, the Cuban minister at New York, to look after Joseph Vegas, the Cuban lad who was picked up at sea, and to send him to Havana when he has sufficiently recovered. Vegas' mother is anxious that that the boy should secure employment in the United States.

Fatal Shooting Affray.

Springfield, Mo. (Special).—Jim McCoy shot and killed John Hancock, five miles south of Ozark, the result of a family feud of years' standing. McCoy who is a son of the late Capt. John McCoy, a noted ante-bellum politician of Missouri, was arrested. Captain McCoy was president of the Arkansas constitutional convention that abolished slavery in that state at the close of the civil war.

Hurricane in Yucatan.

Merida, Yucatan (Special).—The tropical hurricane here and in Progreso did much damage, and, coming in the night, created a panic. The wind tore up great trees by the roots, blew roofs away and destroyed houses and plantations. Heavy damage was done in a short time. Efforts were made to save small vessels, but about 20 of those in the port of Progreso were cast upon the shore. The hurricane destroyed hundreds of bales of cotton at Progreso ready for shipment.

Saved From Lynchers.

Albany, Ga. (Special).—Officials here deny the reported lynching of King Wightman, a negro, and a white man named Thompson at Hartsfield yesterday for assaulting Mrs. Mathis, a white woman. The two men, who were recognized by Mrs. Mathis as her assailants, have been placed safely in jail at Moultrie, Ga., by officers after eluding a mob which had been in pursuit of the negro.

Falling Meteor Breaks a Bridge.

Mendon, Mich. (Special).—A large meteor which fell here destroyed part of the bridge over the St. Joe river. It buried itself in the earth and made a hole nearly 20 feet deep. The meteor gave forth a screeching sound as it passed through the sky, and struck the ground with a report that was heard for a long distance.

SPARKS FROM THE WIRES.

A nine-year-old boy was found in a box car in Chicago nearly dead from hunger. He said he was a son of wealthy parents of Fort Wayne, Ind., and had been kidnapped by tramps.

The American fishing boat Silver Spray was chased and fired upon on Lake Erie by the Canadian cruiser Petrel for alleged poaching on Canadian waters.

Rev. Dr. Deon Richmond Babbitt, rector of the Church of the Epiphany, Brooklyn, answered John Temple Graves at Chautauqua on lynchings and mobs.

The stomach of a goat in Memphis, Tenn., will be analyzed to determine if the goat ate revenue stamps off whisky barrels, as claimed by a saloonkeeper.

Messrs. Talbot J. Taylor & Co., New York stockbrokers, are trying to arrange a settlement with their creditors in order to resume business.

During a fog in the New York harbor the Hamburg-American liner Nubia had a narrow escape from collision with the Kronprinz Wilhelm.

In St. Paul, Minn., James J. Hill's personal property assessment has been increased from $138,000 to $200,000.

DREAMS!

Birdlike are the dreams that bring
Into youth its joy and spring;
Love and music and delight
Mark their coming and their flight.
Ah, if youth but only knew
Which were false and which were true!

Birdlike is my dream today,
Sweet it is, but will not stay;
Full of love and song it goes
Out into a world of prose.
Ah, if only it finds you
I shall know one dream that's true!
—Felix Carmen, in Collier's Weekly.

WON BY A TUNE.

BY T. BONSALL.

"Good-by, dearest!" "Good-by!" For the twentieth time Mark Jermyn uttered the words of farewell, and for the twentieth time the girl responded, but, realizing that the parting was not an ordinary one, they were loth to part even then. Years hence they might meet again; perhaps never!

"And, dearest, you'll remember, if the recollection of me ever stands in your light, you're to forget I existed. Promise me that!"

The girl looked into the earnest face bending over her, into the depths of the grave, brown eyes.

"I cannot," she said softly. "Moreover, is it necessary? Is it what you would do were you in my place?"

Her logic was unanswerable and he sighed.

"If you were the only child of somebody next door to a millionaire," she went on, "and your father forbade you to marry any one who was not wealthy while you really loved one as poor as a church mouse, would you give up without a struggle? Of course you wouldn't, Mark. You'd wait, and wait, and hope!"

"But waiting doesn't always bring wealth," broke in Jermyn, "especially in the musical profession. Why did my father ever destine me for his own career?" he added bitterly.

"Because it's what you're most fitted for," Elsie Renton replied. Mark dear, you're going to be a great man."

He waived away her words with a smile and another kiss.

"You flatter me, sweetheart," he said, "although it's true my father was far from being a mediocrity. He changed his name on marriage, and died when I was only five years old. But his existence really ended, so far as the world was concerned, when he forgook his old name, for he never composed a single thing after."

"How strange!" remarked the girl, wonderingly. "And what a terrible example to you, dearest."

"You may think so. Of course, I was too young to know much then, and never heard how it all happened, for my mother soon followed my father."

"And his name before was——?"

"Wegar—Mark Wegar—one of the foremost composers of his time!"

* * * * * * *

A couple of years later Mark Jermyn was in London. It seemed much longer since he had parted from Elsie Renton in Paris, where they had been fellow students at the Conservatorie; she, for the sake of finishing a musical education, he because he had his future living to consider.

In Paris the girl had been free from the hidebound conventionalities of home, and her doting parents would doubtless have been horrified had they known she had dared to regard some one with affection. The two had parted; he to work for a name and she to enter society.

And now he was in London, his fame having preceded him, and Mark Jermyn, the celebrated pianist, was announced to make his debut before the most critical audience in the world. Success had not spoilt him, and he remained the same modest man that had held Elsie's hand in his two years since; deeply, madly, in love with her still. Several times she had written to him, and with her last letter in his pocket as a talisman, he faced the eager crowd that evening.

The performance was a success. Mark Jermyn's reputation was more than upheld and he quickly became the lion of the hour. Invitations from the highest in the land literally showered upon him, so numerous that they would have taken years to respond to all, one of the earliest coming from the Rentons offering a princely fee for a short recital at a forthcoming "At Home." To this Jermyn stiffly replied that he only accepted social engagements. An answer soon came altering the tone of the invitation, and a day or two later, he found himself about to meet his loved one once more.

The place was already thronged with guests when he arrived, but Elsie was the first to greet him, and as he took her hand he would have knelt down there and then and kissed it, had not decorum forbade. She welcomed him gayly, and he felt all at once the happiest of mortals, for a single look served to tell him he held her heart still.

"I'm hostess for the moment," she observed. "Let me take you to mother."

He followed her, and a little later was being introduced to Mrs. Renton.

"Mr. Jermyn, mother!"

The stately lady addressed, looked up, and as she saw his handsome, clear cut features, started.

"Mr. Jermyn?—as, yes, of course! Your appearance seems familiar. But then, aren't your photographs all over London?" she asked.

Mark bowed, but guessed by her tone that she had never seen his portrait.

He sauntered aimlessly about, conversing first with one and another till at length he found himself addressing the host himself. And Jermyn was agreeably surprised; Elsie's father was not nearly as formidable as he had pictured him to be; on the contrary, his attitude toward the young lion of the season was courtesy and geniality itself.

"Ah! my daughter tells me she met you in Paris," he remarked. "One of the first to discover your genius, I believe? Elsie's a dear girl, my dear sir!"

"She is!" assented Mark, earnestly.

"Always a dutiful girl, and a prize worth the winning," continued Mr. Renton, briskly. "It's a pity we're to lose her so soon—but there! the men, the men! I was young myself once."

"You mean some one will fall in love with her?" queried Jermyn, anxiously.

"Has fallen in love. Scores of them. By the way, there she is with Lord Mapleson.

Mark Jermyn turned and followed the other's glance to where Elsie stood talking with the man he had noticed but a few moments before.

"Are they——"

"Engaged, my dear sir, engaged. And to be married shortly. My wife's a wonderful woman; she's arranged it all!"

Mark's first impulse was to flee, but he resolved to learn the truth from Elsie's lips first. At last he caught her glance, following her into a small ante-room leading from one of the principal apartments. When the door closed, he took her hand, and looked into her eyes.

"Elsie," he asked. "Is it true?"

She avoided his gaze.

"Is what true?" she murmured.

"That you're engaged to Lord Mapleson?"

Her eyes filled with tears and she turned toward him passionately.

"No!" she said vehemently. "He's asked me frequently, but I've always refused. But mamma insists, and the rumor we're engaged is about already. Oh, Mark! Mark!" With an outstretching of her arms that was irresistible; "what's to be done?"

He took her into his arms.

"You love me, what is to prevent our happiness?"

"Mother—she insists. Father, I know, would rather I married a man of my choice."

"And I insist on you marrying me!" he cried earnestly. "That is, if you're willing to become the wife of a nonentity?"

The looked up quickly.

"Who is the nonentity?" she asked. "You, the clever artist or"—with a gesture of disdain—"Lord Mapleson?"

"Then, darling," he cried, "if your mother will not consent, it must be a runaway match. You're sure you don't mind intrusting your happiness to me?"

"No, indeed, Mark, no! I love you, oh! heaps more than I did two years ago, and that's something, isn't it?"

He admitted that it was, and kissed her, when some one calling Elsie, she had to leave. Mark strolled back to the drawing room with a lighter heart. Some one was asking Mr. Renton whether Jermyn was to play; the host shrugged his shoulders, but the musician at once interrupted with the remark he should only be too delighted.

A move was made to the piano, while all voices were hushed as it became known that the great Jermyn was at the instrument. He ran through several of his better known things in succession, playing as he had never played before, his audience spellbound and enruptured. The applause at his conclusion, unlike most drawing room applause, was for once sincere.

Mr. Renton was profuse in his thanks and then his less genial wife inquired as a special favor, whether he would give them a novelty.

"A novelty?" repeated Mark, anxious to please his prospective parent. "Ah, yes! I had almost forgotten. Today's the twenty-second, isn't it? There is one thing I only play once a year, and always on the twenty-second of this month."

The last notes of the song were gradually dying away, when all at once there was a tense scream from a distant corner of the room.

All turned and saw that Mrs. Renton had fainted.

A few days later Mark Jermyn called to inquire after Mrs. Renton, whom it was understood was seriously ill. The young fellow was at once shown into Mr. Renton's study, where the millionaire greeted him cordially.

"My dear Mr. Jermyn," he said, "you're the very man I wish to see! You remember the effect your wonderful playing produced on my wife the other evening?"

"Unfortunately," responded the famous musician. "Believe me, I'm exceedingly sorry."

"It's not your fault, my boy," he answered kindly. "The event has brought something to light which I hope may mean your happiness. I have learned that my daughter loves you."

"Yes," responded Mark, quietly. "And I love her, too."

"Just so, just so! What I was going to say was this: my wife, it appears, was once engaged to your father."

Mark Jermyn looked up in astonishment.

"Yes," continued Mr. Renton, "and from what I can hear—of course, this is in confidence between you and me, it broke Mark Wegar's heart. My wife jilted him for myself, and it seems that, out of pity, he afterward married a cousin whom he discovered had been in love with him for years. The air you played the other evening was one of Wegar's compositions, was it not?"

"Yes," replied Mark. "My father left me the manuscripts, with the injunction it was only to be played on the twenty-second of November in each year—the anniversary of what I could never make out."

"Ah! my wife recognized the theme; it was the old love song he used to play to her and of which she had been so fond. The date you mention was the one on which she broke off the engagement. Old memories came back to her, and—and—"

"Say no more, sir, it's a painful subject."

"To be sure, to be sure! My wife wishes me to tell you that, although she broke your father's heart, she has no wish to break either your's or her daughter's. We are both willing you should marry Elsie."

Some one opened the door just then, and Elsie Renton, seeing Mark, threw herself into his arms."—New York News.

HYPNOTISM FOR HYSTERIA.

Experiments Before Physicians Which Proved Successful.

The members of the West Side Medical Society, the New York Polyclinic and of several other medical associations and institutions recently witnessed the experiment of placing a man under the influence of hypnotism for the purpose of curing him of hysteria, following an operation. The man was hypnotized six times in public and is now reported to be strong and well. Before he was hypnotized he could not speak. He could drink water, milk and ginger ale, but he had a choking sensation when he took tea or coffee. He also had peculiar visions at night, and he frequently felt as "if he didn't care for anything and wanted to die." The physician who put him under the influence of hypnotism found him a sensitive subject. The patient passed readily into the sleeping state at the first seance.

In addressing those present at one of the seances, Dr. William Broaddus Pritchard, who gave these demonstrations of the use of hypnotism as a curative agent in certain diseases said:

"The phenomenon of hypnotism is not limited to man. The lower animals are exceeding sensitive. I have seen the late Dr. Landon Carter Gray hypnotize at one seance a rabbit, a frog, a pigeon, a lobster, a canary, and a man. I have myself hypnotized frogs, birds, dogs and other animals. The familiar child's trick of stretching a chicken's neck out, bringing the bill to a certain crack in the floor or line in the sand, gently stroking the head or body at the time, then leaving the chicken stretched out unrestrained for several minutes is an example. The snake charming a bird, the man controlling a wild beast with his gaze are not necessarily myths, to my mind both allowing of a quasi-rational explanation in hypnotic influence. Mowgli's control of his fellows of the jungle, as described in one of Kipling's stories, graphically illustrates this power, although the illustration is lacking in scientific value or force.

"Another deterrent influence of no mean weight in its effect in delaying our knowledge of the subject is the red flag of danger which has been waved along the line of research in this field. 'Much harm can be done to the subject;' 'his mental integrity may be seriously impaired;' 'his will power utterly destroyed and he himself degraded to the purposes, meritricious and even criminal, of the operator.' There is no evidence whatever in support of such doctrines, and very much evidence directly to the contrary."—New York Tribune.

Teaching a Dog to Read.

The intelligence of animals seems, as a rule, to be underrated rather than overrated. A dog breeder described the other day a wonderful collie that had belonged to Sir John Lubbock. "This dog," he said, "would, when it was hungry lay at its master's feet a card marked 'food.' When it was thirsty it would fetch a card marked 'drink.' When it wanted to take a walk it would bring a card marked 'out.' Sir John Lubbock trained it to do this trick in less than a month. He put the food card over the dog's food and made it bring the card to him before he would allow it to eat and in the matter of drinking and going out he used a like method. The cards were similar in shape and color; nothing but the writing on them differed. Since, therefore, the dog distinguished them by the writing alone it may truly be said that the animal could read."

An Automobile Speedway.

The plans have been perfected to construct an automobile speedway the whole length of Long Island, from the Blackwell Island Bridge to Montauk Point, a distance of 112 miles. The road will be 40 feet in width and will be inclosed by hedges and wire fences. It will cost $15,000 a mile, or nearly $1,700,000 in all. This is a large sum, but the automobilists can well afford it, and other people might profitably contribute for the sake of getting the racing machines off the public highways.

The Public Forgets.

That the public forgets things quickly in this rushing age, unless constantly reminded of the fact which it has cost some business men a good deal to learn. As an advertising expert says: "Even a small advertisement which is constant is sometimes better than is a large one at long intervals."—Philadelphia Record

THE KEYSTONE STATE

Latest News of Pennsylvania Told in Short Order.

After having extracted several teeth of Mrs. Emma Cunliffe, of 1902 Isaminger street, Philadelphia, who was under the influence of chloroform, Dr. Bauman, of Telford, in whose office the operation took place, was unable to restore her to consciousness and he immediately summoned another physician. The woman failed to rally, however, and expired in about half an hour after the drug was administered. For two months Mrs. Cunliff had been employed as a servant by Miss Ebert, of Highland Park, Telford. For several days Mrs. Cunliffe had suffered with neuralgia and decided to have a number of teeth extracted. Miss Ebert accompanied her to Dr. Bauman's office, where the patient expressed a desire that chloroform be used. Coroner Kane, after making an investigation, decided that an inquest was not necessary, as there were two physicians present when the woman died.

Willian Brennan, an artist of Muscatine, Ia., and son of wealthy parents, has been engaged for some time painting views along the Susquehanna. Thursday night as there was no regular train from Columbia to Harrisburg, he boarded a freight train, getting into a car where there were two negroes. Nearing Steelton the negroes robbed Brennan of his money, and when he tried to jump from the car, shot him in the back and he fell to the track, where a track walker found him. He is in the hospital.

Walter Alexander, aged 16 years, of Cogan Station, was arrested by Pennsylvania Railroad detectives on a charge of attempted train wrecking. A few nights ago several planks weighted down with heavy stones were placed on the Northern Central track near Cogan Station, at a point where the road makes a sharp curve. On one side of the road is a steep embankment. Fortunately the obstruction was discovered by the engineer of a freight train in time to stop his train. When arraigned before Alderman Batzle Alexander pleaded guilty and was held in $3000 bail for court.

James Smith, 30 year, of Lewistown, was seriously burned about the hands and arms in a heroic attempt to save the body of his dead child from cremation. A fire originated in a small closet located in the death chamber, and quickly spread over the room. Mr. Smith ran into the midst of the flames, grasped the coffin and carried it to the house of a neighbor opposite, but not until the varnish on the side of the coffin had been blistered by the intense heat. He quickly returned and after a hard fight succeded in getting the flames under control before the fire engines arrived.

John Schooley, a painter, fell headlong fifty feet to the ground while painting the spire of the Great Island Presbyterian Church, on Water street, Lock Haven, but he may recover to tell just how it happened. It the descent he made several revolutions and alighted on his feet on the lawn that surrounds the edifice. Schooley lies at his home in a semi-conscious condition, with his left leg broken at the ankle, a concussion at the base of the brain and his body badly cut and bruised.

The voters of Conshohocken at the November election will pass on a proposition to borrow $100,000 for permanent improvements. An ordinance passed by the Council providing for a loan to that amount was approved by the Burgess. A similar ordinance passed several months ago met his disapproval because it was not specified how the money was to be expended.

A dog suffering with rabies sprang upon and bit a child of Galen Fritz, a butcher, at Quarryville. The brute, after badly lacerating the child, sprang upon another, when Mr. Fritz, who was summoned by the children's screams, came to their assistance. Before he succeeded in overpowering the frenzied brute Mr. Fritz was also severely bitten.

Joseph Ruffing, arrested at Pottsville for desertion from the United States Army to get married, will plead in his defense that he was only following the advice of President Roosevelt in his famous "race suicide" address. Ruffing was taken to Cleveland, O., for trial.

Fully 200 men quit work at Ridgeway at the ringing of the courthouse bell and, volunteered to search the woods and country roads for a man who assaulted Miss Singer, aged about 20 years. The young woman was picking berries near Ridgeway. A sister, who accompanied her, missed her for a few minutes, and, receiving no reply to her calls, started in search, finding her sister bound and gagged, and her body terribly bruised. Large numbers of men armed with guns and revolvers are looking for the assailant.

Tobias Treumpert, of the South Side, Pittsburg, was surprised when he applied for a divorce to learn that the woman from whom he wanted to be divorced had procured a divorce from him ten years ago. The former Mrs. Treumpert told the officer that she had procured a divorce in 1892 in Westmoreland county. Treumbert then accepted service and attended the hearings, but said he did not understand that there had been a legal separation.

After being lost in the winding gangways of the No. 3 colliery of the Lehigh Valley Coal Company, John Farr, a miner, of Hazleton, climbed up an abandoned air shaft which had an outlet in the yard surrounding the residence of S. Y. Frederick, in the heart of the city. The airway had not been in use for many years and a heavy door bolted on the outside, shut off exit. Farr yelled at the top of his voice and finally his cries were heard, whereupon the door was broken open and Farr was released.

The huckleberry season in Monroe county, which has just closed, netted about $25,000 to men, women and children who were engaged in picking the berries during the past six weeks. About 500 berry pickers were employed and they usually received 5 cents a quart. A child picks about thirty quarts a day and adults about double that number. One man, Ira Keiper, picked ninety-four quarts in seven hours. James K. Title, of McMichael's, claims to hold the record for picking huckleberries, he having picked about twenty quarts in fifty minutes.

AND FOR A WEDDING, TOO.

Old Gentleman Objected to Sentiment On Floral Emblem.

Whether it was a mistake or a joke or simply an example of bad taste is a question that is still puzzling most of the passengers. But no matter about that; it cerainly was a floral masterpiece. Full four feet of it stood from the ground, in the form of a cross. Roses white and roses red composed the body of the cross, and dainty white blossoms and green leaves formed the trimmings. In the center the word "Peace" was spelled out in rosebuds.

Everybody in the car admired the offering, and when the boy set it down on the floor all leaned forward to examine it more closely. At length one gentleman stood up and readjusted his glasses in order to get a better look at it.

"That is a mighty pretty posy you've got there," he said. "Who, may I ask, is dead?"

The boy giggled. "Nobody 't I know of," he said. "This ain't for a funeral; it's for a wedding."

The old gentleman sat down heavily.

"Good Lord!" he said. "What idiot ever ordered 'Peace' inscribed on a wedding floral decoration?"

The rest of the passengers smiled, and many of them, being married, wondered as well; but nobody ventured an explanation.—New York Press.

WHAT OUR SCHOOLS COST US.

Immense Sum of Money Well Spent in United States.

It is probably not generally known that the United States spends annually on elementary education about $227,000,000—the exact figures for 1900-1901 were, according to the report of the United States Commissioners of Education, $22,043,236. Europe spent during the same period approximately $246,000,000. The enrolment in the elementary schools of Europe is, however, in the neighborhood of 45,000,000, while in the United States it is not much more than 16,600,000, although it is estimated that there were in 1901 almost 22,000,000 children of school-going age in this country. Our yearly expenditure per pupil averages $22.

Some profit may be gained from a comparison of the amounts spent yearly by representative American cities for the maintenance and operation of their public schools. New York spent in a single year $19,731,629; Chicago follows with an outlay of $8,202,498; Philadelphia's expenditure was $3,319,064; Boston's, $3,043,640; Baltimore's $1,417,392; Cleveland's $1,257,245, and Washington's, $1,182,916. New Orleans is at the end of the list with an expense of $475,025.—Harper Weekly.

Corals of Our Own Coast.

It is a common notion that corals grow only in tropical and sub-tropical waters and that no coral reefs are to be found along our own familiar coasts. As a matter of fact, coral formations stretch all along the Atlantic coast of the United States, although the reefs do not rise so high that they project from the water. Some of the most beautiful of the living corals now on exhibition in the New York aquarium was dredged up from the Atlantic ocean almost within sight of the city of New York, and there are many coral patches still closer to the shores. Generally the northern coral is snow-white, although sometimes it has a delicate brown tint. Pink coral is found occasionally, but it is rare.

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THURSDAY, AUGUST 20, 1903.

TERMS.—The terms of subscription to the Reporter are one dollar per year in advance.

ADVERTISEMENTS.—20 cents per line for three insertions, and 5 cents per line for each subsequent insertion. Other rates made known on application.

The figures opposite your name on label of paper indicate the date to which your subscription is paid. When no date is given the date implied is July, 1900; when no month is given the month implied is July—thus: '00" means July, 1900; "01", means July, 1901; "04" means that your subscription is paid in advance to July, 1904. Other months than July are indicated by abbreviations.

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Harris Township.

Nellis Kline is getting 'round among the farmers with a steam thresher. Nellis has been J. Tressler's right hand man for twelve or fifteen years, and what he don't know about threshing is really not worth knowing.

Oats is turning out well. One load threshed at J. H. Meyer's made ninety-five bushels.

It would be unwise at the present time to be telling any secrets in our corn fields for they have thousands of ears.

Some of our young people enjoyed the festivities at State College last week.

The ladies of the Reformed church will hold a festival in the town hall in Boalsburg next Saturday evening.

Thomas Riley, who was seriously ill, was able to be out at the picnic on Saturday.

Andrew Kreamer and family, of Altoona, are visiting here.

Rev. Kikutaro Yoshida, of Japan, accompanied by some young people from Linden Hall enjoyed a plum social at Locust Grove Farm Tuesday evening.

Mrs. John Stuart and Miss Eva Miller, of State College, visited in Boalsburg last week.

Miss Priscilla Stuart returned from a visit to Sandy Ridge.

Miss Anna Andes, of East Petersburg, is visiting here.

W. P. Hoover, of Pittsburg, is visiting his parents, at Shingletown.

Wm. Sweet, of Elk county, is visiting here.

Mrs. Irvin, of Oak Hall, spent Friday, in Boalsburg.

Mrs. Emma Riley entertained friends from Centre Line on Friday.

Misses Madie Gingerich, Annie Myers and Della Ishler visited at Oak Hall.

G. W. and T. R. Weber are painting the school building in Boalsburg.

At a meeting of the Board of School Directors the following persons were elected as teachers of Harris township schools: Boalsburg High School, S. W. Gramley; intermediate, H. M. Hosterman; primary, C. Gertrude Wieland; Shingletown, Geo. Hosterman; Walnut Grove, Della Garbrick; Rock Hill is not yet supplied.

Nittany Mountain.

Samuel Gingerich and Tone Noll hauled lumber and railroad ties several days last week.

Mrs. Heisley and daughter Florence who had been visiting with her parents, A. G. Noll and wife, went home to Milton on Saturday.

Orwig and Krider loaded three car loads of lumber last week, one at Peru and two at Gregg siding.

J. A. Zong was out along Dogtown road one day last week.

The party that went fishing Saturday had fish bones sticking out all over them a few days after.

Mrs. Perry Krise visited with William Parker one day last week.

John Garver was home with his brother Newton over Sunday.

Bubb. Pecht, moved from Mingoville into George Rossman's house on the mountain.

Everybody along Black Hawk attended the festival Saturday night.

Isaac Shawver, landlord at the Old Fort, was on the mountain one day this week.

Elmer Harshbarger and George Glace baled and shipped a car load of hay last week.

Davy Rossman fixed Tone Noll's old dog Bounce last Friday. Well, the dog was old enough to die.

Woodward.

Elmer Bamer and family, of Lewistown, are visiting at the home of Andy Moyer.

Miss Katie Barner, from the Orphan's Home, Flat Rock, Ohio, has come home to stay. She is the daughter of Constable Barner, who was shot and killed while attempting to capture Ettlinger, about seven years ago.

Rev. Buck and daughter Hilda were in town Monday.

Rev. Fritts, a Methodist minister, from Monessen, delivered a very interesting sermon in the United Evangelical church Sunday evening.

Quite a few people from here expect to attend camp meeting at Sugar Valley Saturday and Sunday.

Mrs. Emma Eisenwine, of Yeagertown, is visiting her mother, Mrs. Glantz.

Centre Reporter $1.00 a year.

Spring Mills.

John Lloyd now works on the railroad helping to erect the new bridge below town. John is a first-class fellow and is making good wages.

Mrs. Hiram Durst has been visiting with her sisters near Centre Hall for some time.

Smith Bros. recently received nearly a half car load of first-class furniture.

Will Musser, formerly of this place, but now employed in the Pennsylvania shops at Altoona, is spending a few days with his parents and many friends.

The festival held by the United Evangelical people on Saturday evening, apparently was a success, as it attracted many from neighboring towns.

The new bridge over Sinking Creek is not yet completed. Some parts of the bridge would not fit. It should be a magnificent structure considering what it costs.

John Runkle, of Centre Hall, did some repairing for his mother last week.

Will Ruhl and Ellery Krape attended bush meeting near Colyer, Sunday.

Harry Fishburn, the Potters Mills' blacksmith, was in town Friday.

Huckleberries were not so plentiful last week, at least the different correspondents did not estimate such heavy shipments from this point.

D. C. Keller, of near Centre Hall, was in town last Monday on business.

Ed. Allison, of Potters Mills, was in town on business last week.

Hon. Wm. Allison had the Hagen gang do repairing about the mill and other buildings last week.

John Smith and Daniel Slagle delivered furniture at Centre Hall Monday.

Major Huss made a business trip to Aaronsburg Monday.

Sinking Creek road is in an execrable condition; ruts and excavations are so plentiful that to drive faster than a slow walk would result in broken wheels and pedestrianism. Some little indifferent repairing was done to the road during the summer—but it was simply the attempt and not the deed.

Quite an excitement was occasioned in the village on Wednesday evening last, by the destruction of the summer kitchen in the rear of the residence owned and occupied by Mrs. Mary Fredericks. The fire originated in the loft, no doubt caused by sparks from the stove. The boys of this place proved themselves expert firemen, as it was solely by their efforts and determination that the flames were confined to the destroyed building; they were heroes. Damages nominal.

Mrs. George Ricker, of Ridgeway, and Mrs. K. Batchelor, of Lock Haven, were here last week visiting friends, guests of Mr. and Mrs. M. B. Hering.

Allison Bros. have just replaced the old worn out platform in front of their large milling establishment, with a very substantial and more convenient one, adding greatly to the appearance of the building. The platform is a decided improvement, having two steps less to the several entrances than the old one. This firm is doing an extensive business, and are also large operators in coal.

Farmers in this locality are a trifle apprehensive that the corn crop will be considerably off.

The huckleberry crop is evidently an immense one. Merchant O. T. Corman ships daily from fifteen to twenty bushels, and "still they come."

Mrs. Lucinda Runkle has greatly improved her residence by the erection of a very commodious and attractive portico.

Next Sunday the United Evangelicals will hold bush meeting in Geo. Gentzel's grove.

The festival held on the United Evangelical church lawn was well attended and netted them about thirty dollars.

Misses Ellen and Minnie Stamm, of Chicago, are visiting at the home of Emanuel Shook.

The Knights of the Golden Eagle are holding booming sessions from July to the first of September. They have lately received twenty-five new members, and still they are coming in.

Windom Gramley, who is employed in the Westinghouse machine shops at Turtle Creek, is home visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. T. M. Gramley.

The Cross church in Georges Valley is being remodeled and fitted out with all the modern improvements.

Rev. Rearick preached his harvest home sermon last Sunday evening to a full house. His subject was very ably handled.

E. O. Stover and wife, of Aaronsburg, called at Smith Bros. furniture store, and bought their outfit for starting housekeeping.

A fine chest and set of carpenter tools, the property of Wm. Walburn, deceased, will be sold next Saturday at Smith Bros. furniture store.

LOCALS.

Mrs. Edward Robinson, of this place, this week entertained Mrs. Ella Firth and son Eddie and Edward Eisele, all of Philadelphia.

Mrs. Philip Bradford and Miss Sallie Lee were people from Linden Hall who attended the musicale Tuesday evening.

Lemont.

Mr. and Mrs. John I. Thompson are spending this week in Daris, West Virginia, at the home of her brother, Hamill Boal.

John Mitchell, the hustling postmaster and hardware man of town has taken a few days off and gone to Horton, West Virginia, to visit his brothers and renew old associations.

The United Evangelicals will enjoy an outing on Saturday, 22nd inst. in the grove near Center Furnace, and they welcome all.

Uriah Stover, one of the aged citizens of Houserville, an old veteran, is dangerously ill with heart trouble.

James Lenker and family are enjoying the week at Brisbin, at the home of his sister, Mrs. Wm. Houser.

Mrs. Robert Evey brought her two weeks' sojourn at Howard to a close Tuesday of this week.

Angus Ewing, after taking a ten days' visit at Ocean Grove, Coney Island and New York City, has returned to work at Pittsburg.

Frank D. Osman made a flying trip to Akron, Ohio.

Mrs. Viola Baney brought her sojourn to a close Saturday.

Miss Minnie Collins, a trained nurse and her brother Clyde, are taking a few days vacation at home.

John I. Williams is home again for a few days rest.

Mrs. Alice Williams and Mrs. Wm. Shuey returned Saturday from their visit to Philadelphia.

The many horses that are under the efficient care of Dr. Fry, this last week are getting along nicely, which is more than was expected of some of them.

Frank Whitehill is moving his family to Philipsburg, where he is employed by the Murray Lumber Co.

Prof. James G. Miller, of Mercersburg Academy, who has been enjoying himself a few days in this place, has returned to his work.

W. K. Foster and family spent Tuesday at the hospitable home of George Glenn.

Edward Lingle is home for a few days.

Mrs. Leivi F. Roan is visiting at the home of G. R. Roan.

Murray's School District.

The rain on Saturday night will help the corn and potatoes.

A good many of the young people attended the festivals at Spring Mills and Aaronsburg.

James Beck will stock the stave mill on Finkle's lumber job after Aug. 16.

Miss Sadie Emerick, of Nittany, spent last week at the home of Benjamin Limbert, doing some sewing for the girls.

The chirp of the cricket is heard in every corner for the past week, now look out for frosts in six weeks.

The steam thresher can be heard almost every day in the valley, threshing seed wheat.

The oats harvest seems to be late and most of the farmers are cutting it, whether it is ripe or green.

Bush meeting and camp meeting next Saturday and Sunday.

Boyd Miller raised a stalk of potatoes last week which contained thirty-six potatoes.

Wm. Snyder is staying at James Werts at present.

Henry Showers and Wm. Messmer exect to camp at Sugar Valley camp-meeting this week.

The members of Tylersville Lodge P. O. S. of A. will hold a picnic on the 22nd of this month, north of Tylersville.

Last Wednesday during a thunder storm lightning struck and killed a horse belonging to Jerry Ertle, which was hitched to a wagon loaded with hay, at the home of John Reham.

Huckleberries are scarce in this section and cannot be bought for love or money.

Aaronsburg.

Misses Clara Decker and Ella Condo, of Penn Hall, spent Sunday at the home of James Roush.

Mrs. Sadie Hull has gone to visit friends in Huntingdon.

Thomas Meyer and family, of Coburn, spent Sunday at the home of George Weaver.

E. E. Archey and family, of Bellefonte, are making their annual visit to Mrs. Archey's parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Stover.

Thomas Weaver, who is working at Expedite, spent a few days at home with his mother.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Mensch, of Bellefonte, spent Sunday with Mr. Mensch's parents.

Mr. and Mrs. Walter Orwig visited a few days with friends in Hartleton.

Mrs. Nancy Herman, of State College, is visiting her brother, A. S. Stover.

Mrs. Daniel Catherman and granddaughter Huldah, of Hartleton, spent a day last week at the home of Thomas Hull.

Edwin Wolfe, of Wolfe's Store, was seen on Bunker Hill Saturday evening.

Mrs. Kizzie Swabb spent a few days with her daughter at Coburn.

Coburn Rogers and mother, of Bellefonte, and Mrs. Meddlar and daughter, of Allentown, returned to their homes, after having spent a few days at the home of Col. J. P. Coburn.

Centre Reporter $1.00 in advance.

Farmers Mills.

The farmers are getting ready to cut their oats.

C. S. Garbrick, of Jacksonville, came over Saturday for his hired man.

The people are getting ready to attend Business Men's picnic.

George Armbruster entertained over Sunday Father Rote, Mr. Miller, Miss Katie Armbruster, and J. F. Pennington.

Robert Homan was home with his parents at this place over Sunday.

Mrs. J. H. Rishel, of this place, left for Maryland, Atlantic City, and a number of summer resorts. Hope she will have a pleasant trip.

H. E. Shreckengost received a serious wound in the arm by a mis-stroke of the hatchet.

Mrs. Joseph Rishel is spending a few weeks with her son, J. H. Rishel, of this place.

Henry Wolf made a short visit to Mrs. Jerry Stover.

Oak Hall.

David Glasgow and family, of Tusseyville; Leddie Kline, Mrs. James Osman and daughter, of Lemont, Sundayed at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Nellis Kline.

A large number of our people attended the picnic in McFarlane's grove last Saturday.

John Reish, of Centre Hall, called at the home of Nicholas Barnhart last Sunday and took his wife along to Centre Hall.

Miss Bessie Weber spent Tuesday in Bellefonte.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. A. Tate left last Friday for their home in Duquesne after spending the summer in Centre county.

The farmers have their oats cut and are waiting for nice weather to dry it.

The corn and potatoes are doing fine in this valley and there is promise of large crops.

Misses Lillie Dale and Alice Kline, of Shiloh, passed through here Saturday on their way to attend the picnic.

Plum Grove.

Thomas Grove had the misfortune of falling and breaking his wrist, while helping his son Witmer to thresh.

Harry Dinges and family, of Centre Hall, spent Sunday at the home of W. H. Swartz.

Wm. Scholl visited his brother Thomas, at Aaronsburg, last week.

George W. Sharer spent Sunday at the home of Mrs. Burkholder, at Centre Hill.

Miss Ada Weaver spent Sunday with her sister Annie, at the home of David Keller.

Mrs. Jacob Sharer spent Sunday among friends at Centre Hill.

Mrs. George Condo and two daughters, after a few weeks' visit with her parents and friends at this place, accompanied by her mother, returned to her home at Jeannette.

S. E. Sharer will deliver the mail boxes to the parties who ordered from him, in a week or ten days.

Gurney Hosterman, Paul Kreamer, Charles Summers and Palmer Hetzel, all of Aaronsburg, visited at the home Jacob Sharer Sunday.

Rebersburg.

John Stover sold one of his horses to the gypsies last week.

Mrs. J. D. Meyer, of Centre Hall, and Mrs. J. W. McCormick, of Columbia, S. C., were visitors in town over Sunday.

W. H. Morris returned from Pine Grove Mills accompanied by his friend Musser Heberling, who spent a few days in town.

Thomas Smull visited his classmate, Victor Walker, a few days this week.

Mrs. J. K. Moyer is visiting her daughters at Danville and Freeland.

Mrs. A. Luckenbach, of Bellefonte, visited her sisters and relatives over Sunday.

Mrs. John Wolfe is housed with a severe cold.

Kline Royer, of Philadelphia, is spending his vacation under the parental roof.

Mrs. H. E. Jenkins, who spent several weeks at J. N. Moyer's, returned to her home in Bellefonte on Tuesday.

Prof. H. W. Morris contemplates leaving for Duquense, Pa., this week, where he has been elected to the principalship of the schools of that city.

J. W. Harter sold a valuable cow last week.

Tobias, the butcher from Mackeyville, took a load of fat hogs out of town on Monday.

New Jewelry Store.

Jewelry and silverware for sale. Repairing of watches a specialty. Work guaranteed. Eyes tested free. Best quality lenses. Dinges store room.

W. B. KRAPE.

SPRING MILLS—O. T. CORMAN.

(In exchange for goods. Cash also paid.)

Eggs	16	Side	10
Butter	14	Tallow	04
Lard	10, 12	Apples	30
Chickens, 7; cash	8	Dried Apples	4
Huckleberries	5	Potatoes	40
Ham	14	Large Onions	—
Shoulder	12	Beef Hides	—
Spring Chickens	10	Blackberries	5

GRAIN MARKET.

Wheat	70
Corn	60
Rye	55
Oats	40
Barley	50

PRODUCE AT STORES.

Butter	16
Eggs	17
Lard	12
Potatoes	40
Side Meat	—
Shoulder	12
Ham	15

Centre Hill.

Oats harvest is the work of the farmers at present.

From all appearances the oats crop will be good.

The corn crop looks very promising, provided we have a late fall.

Potatoes yield well, but are rotting.

Many of our young people attended the grove meeting at Colyer.

Miss Cora Sweetwood, of Harrisburg, is visiting her parents.

A. C. Alexander is working at the stone quarrying business.

Frank Bible and wife spent Sunday with their parents.

Mrs. Jacob Sharer, of Plum Grove, visited at this place Sunday.

The chicken thief visited Roland Treaster's chicken house on Sunday night and met with success, but Roland says they will not be so successful, hereafter for he keeps his double-barreled gun well loaded.

Some of the young people of this place attended the business men's picnic at Hecla.

Smithtown.

Smith Bros. have quite an invention attached to the stacker of their machine. Give it a trial.

H. Stover bought a fine horse near State College.

Henry Keen sold a first-class horse to a party across the mountain for a nice sum of money. Henry always keeps good stock.

C. H. Pressler is plowing and says he believes in putting out crops in good time.

The farmers are taking out their potatoes.

Limbert says mules are quick minded, although he kept them from running away this time.

Plums are hunted up in every corner.

Charles Frankenberger expects to go into the lumber business the coming winter.

Henry Keen is cleaning up new ground, he has Calvin Swartz, the expert dynamiter at work.

Allen Alexander is ahead of most farmers; he is hauling the stones off his mowing field for next summer. Who can beat that?

Send the local news to the Reporter.

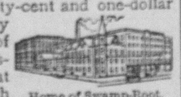
The Cause of Many Sudden Deaths.

There is a disease prevailing in this country most dangerous because so deceptive. Many sudden deaths are caused by it—heart disease, pneumonia, heart failure or apoplexy are often the result of kidney disease. If kidney trouble is allowed to advance the kidney-poisoned blood will attack the vital organs or the kidneys themselves break down and waste away cell by cell.

Bladder troubles most always result from a derangement of the kidneys and a cure is obtained quickest by a proper treatment of the kidneys. If you are feeling badly you can make no mistake by taking Dr. Kilmer's **Swamp-Root,** the great kidney, liver and bladder remedy.

It corrects inability to hold urine and scalding pain in passing it, and overcomes that unpleasant necessity of being compelled to go often during the day, and to get up many times during the night. The mild and the extraordinary effect of Swamp-Root is soon realized. It stands the highest for its wonderful cures of the most distressing cases.

Swamp-Root is pleasant to take and sold by all druggists in fifty-cent and one-dollar sized bottles. You may have a sample bottle of this wonderful new discovery and a book that tells all about it, both sent free by mail. Address Dr. Kilmer & Co. Binghamton, N. Y. When writing mention reading this generous offer in this paper.



Home of Swamp-Root.

Don't make any mistake, but remember the name, Swamp-Root, Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, and the address, Binghampton, N. Y., on every bottle.

. GARMAN'S.

Children's Misses' and Ladies' Parasols. The new line is shown.

10 cent Curtain Pole—Ash, Cherry and White.

6 yards of White Lace Beading in a pack—5 cents a pack.

More of those 25 cents a pair Sash Curtains.

Sash Rods 5 cents up.

98 cents for a first class Calico Wrapper.

Matting 12 1-2c to 30 cents.

The new styles in Shirt Waists Sets.

Porch Swings $2.50.

Voiles—Chevoits, Broadcloth, Mohair, Sicilians and the new fabric in large assortment.

Lace Striped Mohairs—Cream and Navy; some call it hem stitched—at 50 cents the yard.

All the new White Goods for wedding and commencement, from 15c to 75c the yard. The laces to go with in Normandy, Vals and Mechlins.

Pearl Buttons from 14 to 24 line, 2 dozen for 5 cents. Not one-half the regular price.

Dozen of new patterns in waistings.

. GARMAN'S .

PENNSYLVANIA R. R.

Philadelphia & Erie R. R. Division and Northern Central Railway.

Time Table, in effect May 24, '903.

TRAINS LEAVE MONTANDON, EASTWARD

7.38 a. m.—Train 64. Week days for Sunbury, Harrisburg, arriving at Philadelphia, 11.45 a. m., New York 2.03 p. m., Baltimore 12.10 p. m., Washington 1.15 p. m. Parlor car and passenger coach to Philadelphia.

9.25 a. m.—Train 20. Daily for Sunbury, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Harrisburg and intermediate stations. Week days for Scranton, Hazleton, and Pottsville. Philadelphia, New York, Baltimore, Washington. Through passenger coaches to Philadelphia.

1.33 p. m.—Train 12. Weekdays for Sunbury, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Hazleton, Pottsville, Harrisburg and intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia at 6.25 p. m., New York, 9.20 p. m., Baltimore, 6.00 p. m. Washington at 7.15 p. m. Parlor car through to Philadelphia, and passenger coaches to Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington.

4.45 p. m.—Train 32. Weekdays for Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Hazleton, Pottsville, and daily for Harrisburg and intermediate points, arriving at Philadelphia 10.20 p. m., New York 3.53 a. m., Baltimore 9.45 p. m., Washington 10.55 p. m. Passenger coaches to Philadelphia and Baltimore.

8.05 p. m.—Train 6. Daily for Sunbury, Harrisburg and all intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia, 4.25 a. m., New York at 7.13 a. m., Baltimore, 2.30 a. m., Washington, 4.05 a. m. Pullman sleeping cars from Harrisburg to Philadelphia and New York. Philadelphia passengers can remain in sleeper undisturbed until 7.30 a. m.

WESTWARD.

5.23 a. m.—Train 3. (Daily) For Erie, Canandaigua, Rochester, Buffalo, Niagara Falls, and intermediate stations, with passenger coaches to Erie and Rochester. Week days for DuBois, Bellefonte, and Pittsburg. On Sundays only Pullman sleeper to Philadelphia.

10.09 a. m.—Train 31. (Daily) For Lock Haven and intermediate stations, and weekdays for Tyrone, Clearfield, Philipsburg, Pittsburg and the West, with through cars to Tyrone.

1.31 p. m.—Train 61. Weekdays for Kane, Tyrone, Clearfield, Philipsburg, Pittsburg, Canandaigua and intermediate stations, Syracuse, Rochester, Buffalo and Niagara Falls, with through passenger coaches to Kane and Rochester, and Parlor car to Philadelphia.

5.56 p. m.—Train 1. Week days for Renovo Elmira and intermediate stations.

10.02 p. m.—Train 67. Weekdays for Williamsport and intermediate stations. Through Parlor Car and Passenger Coach for Philadelphia.

9.10 p. m.—Train 921 Sunday only, for Williamsport and intermediate stations.

LEWISBURG AND TYRONE RAILROAD.

Week days.

Westward. P M	Westward. A.M.	STATIONS.	Eastward. A M	Eastward. P M
1 38	5 40	Montandon	9 15	4 40
1 48	6 30	Lewisburg	9 05	4 30
1 55	6 38	Biehl	8 58	4 23
2 00	6 42	Vicksburg	8 53	4 18
2 08	6 50	Mifflinburg	8 45	4 10
2 20	7 02	Millmont	8 33	3 57
2 28	7 09	Glen Iron	8 26	3 49
2 59	7 40	Paddy Mountain	8 00	3 20
3 10	7 50	Coburn	7 50	3 10
3 16	7 57	Zerby	7 43	3 02
3 26	8 05	Rising Spring	7 35	2 54
3 32	8 11	Penn Cave	7 28	2 48
3 38	8 18	Centre Hall	7 22	2 41
3 45	8 24	Gregg	7 17	2 36
3 52	8 31	Linden Hall	7 10	2 30
3 58	8 35	Oak Hall	7 06	2 25
4 00	8 39	Lemont	7 02	2 21
4 04	8 43	Dale Summit	6 57	2 17
4 13	8 52	Pleasant Gap	6 48	2 08
4 16	8 55	Axemann	6 45	2 05
4 20	9 00	Bellefonte	6 40	2 00

Additional trains leave Lewisburg for Montandon at 5.20 a. m, 7.25 a. m., 9.45 a. m, 1.15 5.25 and 7.50 p. m., returning leave Montandon for Lewisburg at 7.40, 9.30 a. m, 10.08 a. m. 5.00, 5.40 p m, and 8.07 p m.

On Sundays trains leave Montandon 9.26 and 10.01 a. m. and 4.46 p. m., returning leave Lewisburg 9.28 a. m., 10.03 a.m. and 4.48 p. m.

W. W. ATTERBURY, General Manager. J. R. WOOD, Pass. Traffic Mgr.

GEO. W. BOYD, General Pass'r Agt.

CENTRAL RAILROAD OF PENNSYLVANIA.

Condensed Time Table.

Read Down. No. 1	No 3	No 5	June 28, 1900.	Read Up. No 6	No 4	No 2
a. m	p. m.	p. m.	Lv. At.	p. m.	p. m.	a. m.
7 00	2 40	6 45	BELLEFONTE	9 25	5 15	9 35
7 11	2 51	6 56	Nigh	9 12	5 02	9 22
7 16	2 56	7 01	Zion	9 06	4 56	9 16
7 23	3 03	7 07	Hecla Park	9 00	4 50	9 10
7 25	3 05	7 09	Dunkles	8 58	4 48	9 07
7 29	3 09	7 13	HUBLERSB'G	8 54	4 44	9 03
7 33	3 13	7 17	Snydertown	8 50	4 40	8 59
7 35	3 15	7 19	Nittany	8 47	4 37	8 56
7 37	3 17	7 21	Huston	8 44	4 34	8 53
7 41	3 21	7 25	LAMAR	8 41	4 31	8 50
7 43	3 23	7 27	Clintondale	8 38	4 28	8 47
7 47	3 27	7 31	Krider's Sp'g	8 33	4 23	8 43
7 51	3 31	7 35	Mackeyville	8 28	4 18	8 38
7 57	3 37	7 41	Cedar Springs	8 22	4 12	8 32
8 00	3 40	7 44	Salona	8 20	4 10	8 30
8 05	3 45	7 50	MILL HALL	8 15	4 05	8 25
11 45	8 40		Jersey Shore	8 22		7 40
12 20	9 10	Arr.	Wm'PO'T Lve	7 50		7 10
12 29	11 30	Lve	Wm'PO'T Arr.	2 30		
			(Philad. & Reading Ry.)			
7 30	6 50		PHILA	8 36		11 36
10 40	9 02		NEW YORK	4 25		7 30
			(Via Philad.)			
10 40			Ar New York Lv	4 00		
			(Via Tamaqua)			
P. M.	P. M.					

J. W. GEPHART, General Superintendent.

BELLEFONTE CENTRAL RAILROAD.

To take effect May 25, 1896.

EASTWARD. 12½	8½	2½	STATIONS.	WESTWARD. 1½	7½	11½
P M	P M	A M	Lv.	A M	A M	P M
6 30	1 10	8 45	Bellefonte	6 30	10 30	4 21
6 20	1 02	8 40	Coleville	6 37	10 37	4 26
6 16	12 58	8 37	Morris	6 40	10 42	4 30
6 10	12 54	8 35	Whitmer	6 44	10 47	4 33
6 05	12 49	8 31	Hunters	6 50	10 53	4 38
6 02	12 46	8 28	Fillmore	6 53	10 56	4 42
5 57	12 41	8 24	Brisly	7 00	11 02	4 47
5 53	12 37	8 20	Waddle	7 05	11 05	4 52
5 50	12 35	8 18	Scotia Crossing	7 08	11 08	4 54
5 36	12 26	8 [illegible]	Krumrine	7 17	11 20	5 02
5 33	12 24	8 04	Struble	7 20	11 24	5 00
5 31	12 22	8 02	Inn	7 28	11 28	5 08
5 30	12 20	8 00	State College	7 30	11 30	5 1

Morning trains from Montandon, Williamsport Lock Haven and Tyrone connect with train No. 7 for State College. Afternoon trains from Montandon, Lewisburg and Tyrone connect with Train No. 11 for State College. Trains from State College connect with Penna. R. R. trains at Bellefonte.

‡Daily except Sunday.

F. H. THOMAS, Supt.

Why Pay Rent or the Current Rate of Interest

When the

HomeCo-Operative Company a Co-partnership

will furnish you the money to buy a home, or pay the mortgage off, and give you

Ten Years and Five Months To pay it back at the Rate of $8.50, per Month, With Interest at 3 Per Cent. Per Annum

on the graduating scale, which amounts to 1¼ per cent. simple interest on amount. Strict investigation courted. I am also agent for the

Equitable Life Assurance Society of New York

The largest in the World. You cannot afford to insure your life until you see me. Write or call on the General Agent for full particulars. Any information required will be given.

Edwin K. Smith

General Agent

Oak Hall Sta., Pa.

GOOD FARM FOR SALE containing one hundred thirty acres, situate in College Township, Centre County, Pa., belonging to the estate of Jonathan Tressler, deceased, and which was lately occupied by Isaac Tressler, now also deceased. Good buildings, good supply of water, good orchard, etc. Terms moderate.

JOSEPH TRESSLER, Pleasant Gap,
DANIEL TRESSLER, Linden Hall,
Fortney & Walker, Attorneys, Executors.
Bellefonte, Pa., Aug. 20, 1903. tf.

FARM FOR SALE—The undersigned offers at private sale the Sankey Homestead, one mile east of Potters Mills, containing one hundred and forty acres, twenty acres of which is timbered. Good buildings, fruit, etc. This farm is in a good state of cultivation, and is well adapted to the growing of all the staple crops. The farm is well suited for a stock farm.

MRS. HENRY P. SANKEY,
August 13, 1903. 4t. Potters Mills, Pa.

SHERIFF'S SALE.—

By virtue of a writ of Fieri Facias, issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Centre county, and to me directed, there will be exposed to public sale, at the Court House, in the borough of Bellefonte, Pennsylvania, on

MONDAY, AUGUST 24, 1903, 1 P. M.

the following described real estate:

All that certain messuage tenement and tract of land situate in the Township of Miles, County of Centre and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows to wit:—Beginning at a Pine, thence by land of George Brungart and Daniel Walker (now John Walker's heirs) south 88 degrees west 79 perches to a white Oak, thence by same south 2 degrees east 14 5-10 perches to a white Oak, thence south 88 degrees west 79 perches to a spanish Oak, thence 2 degrees west 70 perches to a stone, thence north 88 degrees east 178 perches to stones, and thence south 2 degrees east 55 5-10 perches to the place of beginning. Containing 66 acres and 118 perches and allowance. Thereon erected a two story frame dwelling house, barn and other outbuildings.

Seized, taken in execution, and to be sold as the property of Henry W. Royer.

Terms—No deed will be acknowledged until purchase money be paid in full.

H. S. TAYLOR, Sheriff.
Sheriff's Office, Bellefonte, Pa., August 1, 1903.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—LETTERS of Administration on the estate of Susan Hains, late of Gregg township, deceased, having been duly granted to the undersigned, he would respectfully request all persons knowing themselves indebted to the estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them duly authenticated for settlement.

WM. P. HOSTERMAN, Administrator,
Aug. 13, 6t. Penn Hall, Pa.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Letters of Administration on the estate of Wm. Goodhart, late of Gregg twp., deceased, having been duly granted to the undersigned, she would respectfully request all persons knowing themselves indebted to the estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them duly authenticated for settlement. MRS. MARY J. GOODHART,
Aug. 6. Administratrix.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Letters of Administration on the estate of James J. Price, late of Harris township, deceased, having been duly granted to the undersigned, he would respectfully request all persons knowing themselves indebted to the estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them duly authenticated for settlement. ROBERT CONDO,
Administrator, Boalsburg, Pa.

WANTED—SEVERAL PERSONS OF CHARACTER and good reputation in each state (one in this county required) to represent and advertise old established wealthy business house of solid financial standing. Salary $21 00 weekly with expenses additional, all payable in cash each Wednesday direct from head offices. Horse and carriage furnished when necessary. Enclose self addressed envelope. COLONIAL CO.,
334 Dearborn St., Chicago.
4june6t.

The New Store Room

We are now in our new store room and every day is an opening day.

Our stock of goods is complete once more, and embraces all lines found in a well supplied general store.

The goods are of the best quality and the price asked for them only include a reasonable profit.

We kindly invite you to come to see us and price and inspect our goods.

H. F. ROSSMAN, Spring Mills.

Not Over Wise.

There is an old allegorical picture of a girl soared at a grass-hopper, but in the act of heedlessly treading on a snake. This is paralleled by the man who spends a large sum of money building a cyclone cellar, but neglects to provide his family with a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy as a safeguard against bowel complaints, whose victims outnumber those of the cyclone a hundred to one. This remedy is everywhere recognized as the most prompt and reliable medicine in use for these diseases. For sale by C. W. Swartz, Tusseyville; F. A. Carson, Potters Mills,

Strikers Cheer as Works Burn.

Fire destroyed a portion of the Harbison-Walker brick plant, at Clearfield Tuesday, entailing a loss of $3000. The strikers, numbering several hundred, stood outside the fence and cheered.

Mrs. Mollie Allen, of South Fork, Ky., says she has prevented attacks of cholera morbus by taking Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets when she felt an attack coming on. Such attacks are usually caused by indigestion and these Tablets are just what is needed to cleanse the stomach and ward off the approaching attack. Attacks of bilious colic may be prevented in the same way. For sale by F. A. Carson, Potters Mills; C. W. Swartz, Tusseyville.

Smith, the Photographer.

W. W. Smith will be at his studio in this place Friday, 28th inst.

Mrs. J. C. Smith Hurt.

While Mrs. J. C. Smith and family, of Millheim, were on their way to Hecla Tuesday evening, on reaching Madisonburg their horse frightened and ran away. Mrs. Smith had the bone of one leg broken and the knee cap of the other limb split. Her daughter, Mrs. Chas. Mallory, was slightly injured. The remaineder of the occupants of the carriage escaped without hurt.

Reduced Rates to Lancaster.

For the benefit of those desiring to attend the State Camp of Pennsylvania, Patriotic Order Sons of America, to be held at Lancaster, Pa., August 24 to 28, the Pennsylvania Railroad Company will sell round-trip tickets to Lancaster and return, August 24 to 27, inclusive, good to return until August 29, inclusive, from all stations on its lines in the State of Pennsylvania, at reduced rates (minumum rate 25 cents).

Marriage Licenses.

David Davis, Rush twp.
Annie Richards, Rush twp.
Edward Hall, Fleming.
Margaret E. Irvin, Fleming.
John A. Love, Bellefonte.
Catherine M. Tate, Pleasant Gap.
Brant B. Robison, Philipsburg.
Mary Stuller, Philipsburg.
Nathan D. Foust, Howard.
Nora E. Sternberg, Howard.
Wm. Corman, Mackeyville.
Carrie L. Long, Nittany.
J. E. Wagner, State College.
Minnie Smeltzer, Pleasant Gap.

LOCALS.

Perry Krise, of Potters Mills, was a caller Tuesday.

Miss Rosie Mayes, of Millheim, is visiting in Altoona and Pittsburg.

John Spangler and sister Miss Rebecca, of Tusseyville, were out of town young people who attended the entertainment Tuesday night.

George Dale, of Pleasant Gap, Master of Centre county Pomona Grange, was in town Wednesday.

Prof. A. M. Allison, of Spring Mills, has accepted a position as principal of schools in Freeport, Illinois, and will leave for that place in a short time.

Mrs. Dr. Braucht, Mrs. J. Frank Rearick, Prof. A. M. Allison and Mrs. Elizabeth Bartholomew, of Spring Mills, attended the musicale Tuesday night.

Mrs. Cornelius Schrader, of Beaver town, is spending some time with her brother, Rev. J. M. Rearick, in this place, while having her eyes treated by Dr. Hayes at Bellefonte.

Dr. J. F. Alexander is suffering from blood poisoning. One of his fingers was pricked by a nail, and in a few days the disease developed. At present the wound is improving.

J. W. McCormick, of Columbia, South Carolina, put in his appearance in Centre Hall Wednesday morning. He is one of the foremost undertakers in his section of the state and has an extensive trade.

G. W. R. Williams, of Lemont, next week will make a trip to Tottenville, (Long Island) New York, where his brother is located. Mr. Williams is one of College township's best equipped young men for public school work.

Prof. G. F. W. Mark has been elected to fill a position in the public schools of Siverly, a suburb of Oil City. Prof. Mark is well educated and no doubt will be able to fill with entire satisfaction the position he has accepted.

Mrs. Jennie Kreamer Heckman and children, Catharine and Richard, arrived at the home of her father, Merchant H. W. Kreamer, in this place. Mr. Heckman recently erected a dwelling house in Johnstown, and since spring the family have been living in their own home.

Mr. Keenan and Miss Brown, of New York City, accompanied Mr. Bullock and Miss Bradley, of Bellefonte, to Centre Hall. Mr. Keenan is engaged in business in New York, and had not been to Bellefonte, his former home, since 1888. Miss Brown is his niece, and a charming girl is she.

The appearance of Miss Bradley and Mr. Bullock on the stage before a Centre Hall audience, brought to the minds of many their performance some years ago on similar occasions. Miss Bradley was pianist for the second Perkins musical convention; and Mr. Bullock, when quite a small boy, took an active part in a play given by Bellefonte people in the Methodist church shortly after its erection.

Mrs. Flora O. Bairfoot, Mrs. Lucy Henney, H. G. Strohmeier and daughter Bertha, Miss Anna Shoop, and W. Gross Mingle will take advantage of the seashore excursion which leaves here this (Thursday) morning. A coach is attached to the regular train at Bellefonte, which will carry passengers through to Philadelphia without change. Mrs. Bairfoot will be accompanied to the city by her two little cousins, Catharine and Gertrude Flora Weaver, who, for several months have been having a royal good time in the country.

About 25 On His String.

Having caught the middle-sized fish in the Post Office Department scandals, Fourth Assistant Postmaster General Bristow is now spreading his net for the minnows. It is expected that within a few days he will make a haul of about twenty five smaller subchiefs and clerks.

Charles Stamm Dead.

Charles Stamm, of near Boalsburg, died early Tuesday morning at the age of eighty-six years. Funeral today (Thursday.) Interment at Tusseyville.

Deceased is survived by his wife and four sons, namely, William, of near Hecla; Charles, Altoona; Clyde and Claire, at home.

Aaron D. Weaver Dead.

Aaron D. Weaver, a prominent citizen of Aaronsburg, died Monday at the age of sixty-nine years, from Bright's disease. Funeral today (Thursday.) He is survived by his wife and three children: Annie, wife of R. W. Mensch, and James, Aaronsburg; and Elmer, Akron, Ohio.

Will Go Deeper.

Mifflintown Herald: The Union Oil Gas Company have closed a contract with Mr. Philips, of New Jersey, for removing the plug from the oil well at East Waterford and drilling the hole deeper. Mr. Philips is having his tools shipped here and he expects to be at work by the 20th of the month. The gas flowing from the well smokes considerable more than at first, indicating, conclusively, that oil exists in this section.

Lutheran Reunion at Edgewood Park.

For the Lutheran Reunion at Edgewood Park, Shamokin, August 27, the Pennsylvania Railroad Company will sell special excursion tickets from Lock Haven, Bellefonte, Lewistown Junction, Harrisburg, Lykens, and intermediate stations, to Shamokin and return, at reduced rates (no rate less than 25 cents).

Tickets will be sold and good going on August 27, good returning until August 28, inclusive.2

"Give Him the Sack."

Two noblemen in the reign of Maximilian II.—one a German, the other a Spaniard—who had each rendered a great service to the emperor, asked the hand of his daughter in marriage. Maximilian said that, as he esteemed them both alike, it was impossible to choose between them, and therefore their own prowess must decide it; but, being unwilling to risk the loss of either by engaging them in deadly combat, he ordered a large sack brought and declared that he who should put his rival into it should have his fair Helena. And this whimsical combat was actually performed in the presence of the imperial court and lasted an hour. The unhappy Spanish nobleman was first overcome, and the German succeeded in enveloping him in the sack, took him upon his back and laid him at the emperor's feet. This comical combat is said to be the origin of the phrase "Give him the sack" so common in the literature of courting.

A Soldier's Strange Death.

I find the following singular incident in the old Atlanta Intelligencer:

"After the fight near Drewry's bluff on Monday last a surgeon who was searching the field for the wounded, that he might administer to their needs, observed a man in a kneeling position, with his gun to his shoulder pointed to the front, his left eye closed and having all the appearance of life. Upon examination he was found to be dead, a ball having passed through his brain at the moment when, resting on his left knee, he had taken sight at the foe. It is very remarkable that, so rigid was the corpse, some force was required to remove the gun from his grasp. He proved to be a member of the Twenty-ninth Virginia regiment of infantry."—Atlanta Constitution.

Odd Definitions.

"Amusing and ridiculous answers to examination questions are fairly common in graded public schools everywhere, I suppose," said a teacher at a public institution for the higher education of the colored race, "but an example recently handed in by a girl at least eighteen years of age surpasses anything of this kind I have heard yet.

"Being required to define the word 'tithe' and compose a sentence showing its use, her paper read: 'Tithe, something that binds, love, friendship. "Blest be the tithe that binds."'

"A scarcely less amusing answer was given by another pupil:

"'Upbraid, to braid up. She upbraided her hair. To lift up. They upbraided their hero who was dead with their bayonets.'"

Small, but Perfect.

In sour paste, vinegar, the melt of a codfish, or even in water in which decayed vegetables have been infused, the microscope reveals animalcules (little animals) so small that millions of them would not equal a common grain of wheat in bulk. And yet nature with singular prodigality has supplied many of these minute creatures with organs as complete and perfect as those of a whale or an elephant. In a single ounce of such matter there are more living creatures than there are human beings on the face of the globe!

There Are Exceptions.

"Do you mean to say," she inquired indignantly, "that there never was a woman who could keep a secret?"

"Oh, not at all," he protested earnestly. "To the contrary, there was Lot's wife, who never up to the present day has revealed what she saw when she stopped to take a farewell glance at the town she was leaving."

WHEN THE SPAVIN CAME.

It Ended the Brilliant Career of the Park Police Horse.

The fall from greatness of a police horse that had taken the blue ribbon at the national horse show is told by Sewell Ford in "Horses Nine" as follows:

For a whole year Skipper was the pride of the force. He was shown to visitors at the stables; he was patted on the nose by the mayor. The chief, who was a bigger man than the mayor, came up especially to look at him. In the park Skipper did his tricks every day for ladies in fine dress, who exclaimed, "How perfectly wonderful!" as well as for pretty nursemaids who giggled and said, "Now, did you ever see the likes o' that, Norah?"

And then came the spavin. Ah, but that was the beginning of the end! Were you ever spavined? If so, you know all about it. If you haven't been, there's no use trying to tell you. Rheumatism? Well, that may be bad, but a spavin is worse.

For three weeks Reddy rubbed the lump on the hock with stuff from a brown bottle and hid it from the inspector. Then one black morning the lump was discovered. That day Skipper did not go out on post. Reddy came into the stall, put his arm around his neck and said "Goodby!" in a voice that Skipper had never heard him use before. Something had made it thick and husky. Very sadly Skipper saw him saddle one of the newcomers and go out for duty.

Curling and Hurling.

Curling, the game that was for a long time furtively indulged in here by a few braw laddies, has been placed on a substantial footing, with numerous well organized teams and well contested tournaments. Handball has been wrested from the monopoly of a few professionals, and today a handball court is a popular feature of every well equipped athletic club. Discus throwing, that the Grecian youths excelled in at the Olympian games, has recently become a regularly scheduled feature of all big athletic meetings. More recently the royal and ancient game of golf has been transplanted from the hills of Scotland.

But hurling is far more ancient than any of these. The Scotchman, proud of the antiquity of golf, points to the time stained documents carefully preserved in Edinburgh showing that as early as 1457 the game was distracting the attention of the Scottish youth from more serious things, and to this day hurling has continued through all the centuries the popular game of the Irish people.—Brooklyn Eagle.

The First Flank Attack.

We have a record in the book of Joshua of "the stratagem whereby Ai was taken." This tells us how 5,000 men were set in ambush behind the city, so that when the king of Ai and his hosts were drawn forward to the fight a flank attack was made with overwhelming success by the warriors of Israel.

Not less disastrous was the fate of Leonidas and his brave little band of heroes when the Persians at Thermopylæ, led by a traitor, took them in the rear, 480 B. C.

It was by a masterly maneuver nearly 300 years later that Hannibal dealt one of his heaviest blows against the hosts of Rome. Having concealed his brother Mago, with 2,000 horse and foot soldiers, among the reeds, he enticed the Roman forces across the river Trebia. The legions fought bravely and held their own until Mago, rising from ambush, attacked them in the rear and routed them.

The Meaning of Historic.

One of my artistic friends was upon a business visit to a picturesque district of Perthshire the other day. A little leisure was afforded him by the wait between trains, and he asked a native if there were any historic places in the neighborhood, so that he might spoil a film or two, with which he had loaded his camera. "No, there's no' onything historic aboot the place. The Black castle up by there used to be historic, but it's no' sae historic noo!" What that bucolic individual imagined the word "historic" to mean is not very apparent by the reply.—Glasgow Times.

Curious Death Custom In Fiji.

The Fijians believe that in case a marriageable youth or maiden dies without having gone through with the elaborate nuptial knot tying ceremony of the islands his or her soul is doomed to wander about forever in an intermediate region between heaven and hell. When any one dies, man, woman or child, a whale's tooth is placed in the hand of the corpse, the missile to be thrown at the tree which stands as a guidepost to point out the road that leads to heaven and the one that leads to hell.

His Social Repetitions.

"You say his wife had him arrested for repeating? I didn't know she took any interest in political elections?"

"In political elections?"

"Yes, didn't you say she accused him of repeating?"

"Yes. Bigamy."—Catholic Standard and Times.

More to the Point.

The Parson—I intend to pray that you may forgive Casey for having thrown that brick at you.

The Patient—Mebbe yer riv'rence 'ud be saving toime if ye'd just wait till Oi git well an' then pray fer Casey.—Brooklyn Life.

Too Far to Walk.

Leading Lady (of defunct opera company)—I wonder if we'll ever be able to fly.

Manager—Well, that's about the only possible way we'll ever be able to get home.

J. T. Potter, of Clairton, is here and is looking after his farm west of Centre Hall.

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"I am just up from a hard spell of the flux,, (dysentery) says Mr. T. A. Pinner, a well known merchant of Drummond, Tenn, "I used one small bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy and was cured without having a doctor. I consider it the best cholera medicine in the world." There is no need of employing a doctor when this remedy is used, for no doctor can prescribe a better medicine for bowel complaint in any form either for children or adults. It never fails and is pleasant to take. For sale by C. W. Swartz, Tusseyville; F. A. Carson, Potters Mills.

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MONUMENTAL WORK
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My boy when four years old was taken with colic and cramps in his stomach. I sent for the doctor and he injected morphine, but the child kept getting worse. I then gave him half a teaspoonful of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, and in half an hour he was sleeping and soon recovered.—F. L. WILKINS, Shell Lake, Wis. Mr. Wilkins is book-keeper for the Shell Lake Lumber Co. For sale by C. W. Swartz, Tusseyville; F. A. Carson, Potters Mills.

FARM AND GARDEN

LIME AS A FERTILIZER.

Discussion of the effects of lime on soils has always been appreciated by farmers, as they are more familiar with its use than with fertilizers. The experiment stations devote a large share of their work to the consideration of lime, and every year new and important facts are brought out. The Rhode Island station has demonstrated that for some crops lime is a special fertilizer. Lime has been used for hundreds of years on the soil, its action being direct and indirect. It is deficient on granite, mica and schist and sandstone soils, hence on such soils lime is of "direct" value in supplying a necessary element of plant food. Lime is of "indirect" value in unlocking the unavailable potash, phosphoric acid and nitrogen in the soil, and exerts a decided influence on the mechanical condition of soils, rendering heavy compact soils looser in texture and tending to bind particles of loose leachy soils. One of its important functions is in furnishing conditions in the soil favorable to the activity of the micro-organisms that convert the nitrogen of organic matter into nitrates, which are readily assimilated by plants, as the micro-organisms decompose organic matter and assist leguminous plants to assimilate the free nitrogen of the air. Gypsum (sulphate of lime) has been demonstrated to be a very effective fertilizer in some soils when used on clover.

Some plants, such as blue grass, thrive well on soils that contain an abundance of lime in various forms, but other plants are more directly benefited by the application of air-slacked lime. Even on limestone soils the use of burnt lime (air slaked) gives excellent results. According to experiments made on acid soils, the following plants were greatly benefited by the application of lime. All kinds of beets, spinach, lettuce, okra, salsify, celery, onion, parsnip, cauliflower, cucumber, eggplant, cantaloupe, asparagus, kohlrabi, cabbage, dandelion, Swedish turnip, pepper, pea, peanut, martynia, tobacco, sorghum, alfalfa, clover, barley, wheat, oats, timothy and blue grass. The plants that were indifferent to lime were corn, millet, Hungarian grass, rye, potatoes, carrots, red top and Rhode Island beat grass. Plants that appeared to be injured by the use of lime were watermelons, cerradella, blue lupine and common sorrel. The effects of lime on the soils that are not sour may give different results, but it is well known that for some plants lime is a fertilizer; that is, it provides plant food, which is shown by the use of gypsum on clover, the gypsum being sparingly soluble in water and is, therefore, immediately available to plants. Caustic or quicklime is the best form of lime, as it is more vigorous in its action on the soil than other forms, and the frequency of the application depends on the condition of the soil. As a rule, about a ton and a half of lime per acre, every five or six years, is sufficient, but on acid soils, intended for grass, two tons may be applied. The use of small quantities at somewhat frequent intervals is being accepted as preferable to large amounts. Autumn is the best time to apply lime, though wood ashes (which contain lime) may be profitably applied at any season. The land should first be plowed, then limed and harrowed. In using lime it should be kept in view that it is not a complete plant food, and that to derive the best results from its use the soil should contain all other forms of plant food. Where manure is used plentifully lime gives excellent results, and it can always be profitably applied after a green crop is plowed under, as it hastens decomposition and neutralizes the acidity of the soil, due to the turning under of a large amount of green material.—Philadelphia Record.

SHIPPED FOWLS AND EGGS.

After fowls, intended for breeding purposes, have been confined in coops and shipped perhaps hundreds of miles, without fresh food or water, it stands to reason that they are in a more or less debilitated condition at the end of their journey, no matter if the birds were in the best of condition when shipped. Special attention should be given them for the first few weeks, or until they are able to hold their own with the rest of the flock. Give all the nourishing food they will eat; plenty of grit, charcoal and slacked lime. Ducks require sand in their drinking water and coal cinders for their grit. The sand should be changed often and the water kept fresh. For either ducks or chickens the following mixture is excellent: One part cornmeal, one part wheat bran and one part boiled oats; add a little salt and a spoonful or two of pounded charcoal; moisten with water or sweet milk, being careful not to have the mixture sloppy. Feed this once or twice a day with a little whole grain at night. Avoid dry oats except in small quantities. If the fowls have a good range no other green food will be needed. Cooked vegetables, such as turnips, cabbage, potatoes and pumpkins thickened with bran and salted a little, make a good change. Lean meat ground or chopped fine should be added twice a week; oftener if the weather is cold. See that the sleeping quarters are in good condition at all times. Eggs which have been shipped are sometimes carelessly handled and the result of this is a poor hatch. As soon as the eggs are brought from the express office, a strong piece of cloth should be tied over the top of the basket; now invert the basket, eggs and all; be sure to place them where they will not be disturbed or jarred in any manner. Allow the eggs to remain undisturbed for 24 hours, then place them under hens or in incubators.—Clarinda Burns, in The Epitomist.

SKIN DISEASE IN HOGS.

Many complaints have been received concerning a disease of the skin of hogs. The symptoms are a cracking of the skin, mainly about the head and ears, the cracking being so severe at times that bleeding results. There is no doubt but what this trouble is due almost wholly to feeding corn too liberally.

The treatment consists of a more succulent food, keeping the bowels open, and providing shelter for the animals in warm weather, and dry pens during wet or cold weather. A lotion composed of a mixture of castor oil and flowers of sulphur of the consistency of thick cream should be well rubbed on the affected parts daily. A weak solution, about 2 per cent., of permanganate of potash should be given when the trouble is first noticed. This medicine should be given for several days in succession, and the effects noticed; stop for a few days and then continue for two or three days longer. It will generally effect a cure, combined with the other treatment mentioned.—Indianapolis News.

FARMING AS A BUSINESS.

There are two classes of farmers; one which farms because they do not know how to do anything else and because it is the easiest way for them to make a living and get along somehow for the time being. The other class farms not so much for a living as because it is their chosen business. They do not think of getting along somehow, but of getting ahead, accumulating, improving the farm, increasing its fertility, all with the object of making it a better manufacturing plant and better business proposition.

The man who farms as a business adopts business methods as far as they are applicable to farm operations, keeps books, knows his income and outgo, takes an inventory of stock, has system in all his methods, and knows approximately what every crop each year has cost him in cash or its equivalent in labor. We have small hopes of the man who is simply farming as a means of getting through the world somehow.—Dr. Henry Wallace in Wallace's Farmer.

RAISING CALVES.

The cows will give more milk in summer, but the price being lower it is doubtful if the profits are as great. It is becoming a common practice to use the milk for raising the calves as veal, which many dairymen find a profitable method of disposing of the milk, but the chances are that the cow will be somewhat spoiled by being accustomed to the frequent attentions of the calf. A cow will easily raise two calves large enough for first class veal, if she is liberally fed, but she must be kept in the stanchions while the calves are drawing the milk, as she may injure the strange one. At first an attendant must be present to prevent injury to the calf. Summer dairying is assisted by plenty of grass, but the best butter will only be obtained where the cows are fed also with ground grain.

POINTS OF A GOOD HORSE.

The size of horses does not indicate the strength and constitution. Quality throughout and firmness of bone are more important than size.

The muscular fibre must be fine and dense, with well-rounded development in every way.

A good nervous system gives vital power, spirit and prompt action without the use of the whip.

A horse with oblique pasterns is less liable to concussion and lameness in the joints of the legs. The body must be well-rounded, but deep, not flat ribbed.

Low at the flank, with narrow space between the ribs and hip. The legs must be well set under the body, front and rear. A mild, full eye is a sign of good disposition.

A straight face line, thin, large nostrils, low windpipe, are all signs of desirable qualities.

One Sermon in 300 Years.

The only sermon preached by a Pope in 300 years was that of Pius IX., in 1847. A great crowd had assembled to listen to the famous padre Ventura in Santa Andrea della Valle, Rome, but the preacher failing to appear "Pius Nono" entered the pulpit and gave a sermon.—New York Press.

In firing the ordinary rifle only 43 per cent. of the powder explodes.

IDEAS FOR THE FAIR ONES

HAD MILITARY FUNERAL.

Few women, with the exception of queens, are ever honored at burial with full military honors, yet cases where this has been done are not unknown. A few years ago Sister Maheux, a popular Red Cross nurse who was stationed at Gibraltar, received a great military funeral, while not long ago Sister Barbara Milne, of the Royal Army Nursing Department, was interred with full military honrs. She had died while in service in the garrison hospital near Colchester, England. Her body was borne to its last resting place on a gun carriage to the solemn music of the Royal Warwickshire Regiment. At least one American, Miss Harriet P. Dane, enjoyed the same honor. After nursing throughout the Civil War she lived to within a few years ago, and her funeral, which took place in Concord, N. H., was attended by war veterans from all over the country. Once in a while a woman is buried with military honors that do not belong to her. The daughter of a woman living in Potsdam died at Nice about the same time as a certain Russian officer. Before being dispatched to their respective homes the bodies got accidentally mixed, the girl's being taken to Smolensk and the officer's to Potsdam. The surprise of the grief stricken Prussian mother on discovering the substitution can be better imagined than described. She immediately wired the Russian authorities, apprising them of the mistake, only to learn that her daughter had just been buried with full military honors. In 1898 a similar experience befell an Englishman whose aunt died in the dominions of the Czar. The body was sent home for burial, and, on the arrival of the coffin it contained, not the body of his aunt, but that of a Russian general, in full uniform, his breast covered with medals. In great distress, he at once telegraphed to St. Petersburg for an explanation and instructions as to the disposal of the Russian general's body. In a short time the following laconic message was received in reply: "You may keep general; aunt buried to-day with full military honors."

ROBBERS OF THE MORNING.

A rather serious thing, perhaps, to call one's friends or neighbors "robbers," but that is what many of them are—robbers of the morning hours and as these hours are among the most priceless possessions of the housekeeper, the theft is even more serious than the accusation. I speak more particularly of the housekeeper of the suburban towns, where the evil is more prevalent. In more than one instance the "robbers" have been so persistent that the exasperated victim has been forced to the point of barricading her house against the intrusion and taking shelter behind that implacable "not at home" of her trained housemaid. Every woman knows the value of the hours of the forenoon, when, refreshed from a night of rest and with all the faculties quickened, she can go to her domestic duties or professional work with a zest no other hours of the day will possess for her. And to be interrupted, to be forced to sit still for hours listening to a stream of useless chatter upon trivial matters, is exasperating. There is one gentle housewife of my acquaintance, too tender-hearted to offend even where offense would not be recognized as such, whose health has actually been injured by one of these "robbers." "Why not invite these morning callers into the room where I am working?" I want the upper floor of my house to possess the privacy that belongs to my family. One's neighbors are not always one's best friends. Good form, alone, if not good sense, has relegated the calling hours to the afternoon and evening, and no system of housekeeping or professional work can be maintained where this rule is outraged.—Good Housekeeping.

ABOUT THE SHOULDERS.

Almost everybody has a low shoulder. This is caused in various ways. Certain muscles are contracted in walking, or one shoulder is held higher than the other, or the head carried a little to one side. This one-sidedness is the result of seemingly trifling habits, like leaning to one side while sitting.

To correct a want of uniformity in the shoulders, several times during the day raise the low shoulder, but strongly. This will by degrees increase the height of the shoulder.

A shoulder may be too high as well as too low. In such a case, draw the high shoulder down, keeping it so for a few moments. Practice this at intervals during the day.

Although there may be no inequality in the shoulders, it is nevertheless good exercise to raise and lower the shoulders simultaneously. This not only develops the muscles, strenthening them if they are weak, but lifts up the ribs, so that the upper portion of the cavity of the chest is enlarged and activity or respiration promoted.—New York American.

PLAIN GIRLS SHOULD

Cultivate their better dispositions.
Dress their tresses becomingly.
Consider the becomingness of colors.
Be certain their clothes are well cut.
Eat so sanely that their complexions will be perfect.
Be careful not to pile on jewelry or wear too many ornaments.
Beware of appearing in childish fixings, or for that matter in wear that is too old.
Remember that style and carriage are well worth cultivation.
Not forget that the ability to be a good listener is not to be despised.
Know that a gentle manner once acquired lasts a lifetime, while beauty has a way of fading.
And furtherwore plain girls should remember that they usually make quite as much of their lives as do their beautiful sisters.—Philadelphia Record.

WOMEN ON THE FARM.

Farming in Pennsylvania seems to be in the way to drift largely into the hands of women. There are a great many German farmers in the eastern section, and for the last two years the women have been doing much of the farm labor, even to the ploughing. The daughters are found in the field, while the sons are at college, at the loom, in the rolling mill or cigar factory, or "clerking" in the city. This year not only the German women, but the farmers' wives and daughters everywhere, went into the fields. It was the only way to save the crops after the long and damaging drouth. Modern agricultural machinery made the task a comparatively easy one, since much of it can be operated just as well by the farmers' daughters as by the sons, who have forsaken the farm.

A NEW OCCUPATION.

A new occupation for girls is that of trained nursery-maid. Girls not younger than seventeen years of age, strong, well prepared mentally, graduates from high schools preferred, are trained at the maternity-hospitals in the care of infants and children from a week old to two and one-half years of age. These young nursery-maids upon being graduated from the training-school find ready employment at very good wages. What is still better, they are useful beyond power of words to describe, bringing comfort, health and order to mothers and entire households by their knowledge and gentle skill in the difficult duties they undertake—Woman's Home Companion.

FOR THE LADIES

Brilliant green is magnificent for women with clear skins, high color and black hair.

Apricot is among the most charming light colors.

Shadow purple lace is wonderful over sunset pink, a warm golden pink.

Coral red is among the smartest colors for parasol, hat and sash to be worn with a white Paris muslin dress.

Parrot green and sapphire colors serve as accessory colors with equal success.

A distinguished feature of one of the most recent belts is a bottom flare, whereby it conforms more closely to the contour of the waist than ordinary shapes.

Lace collars grow larger and larger, until they are really capes, reaching half way down the arms, and even to the waist. The round shapes are for the moment most popular, but not so universally becoming as the shaped or pointed ones with long ends in front.

Corded strappings are noted among light-weight fabrics.

A heavy net dress is trimmed with strappings of broadcloth, stitched and rawedged.

A charming etamine coat is trimmed with rows of taffeta strapping in clusters of three.

Picture hats are more or less in Gainsborough lines.

A picturesque 1830 hat of lace is fitted with lovely tulle strings.

New scoop hats show a brim extending straight at the front and rolled at the sides.

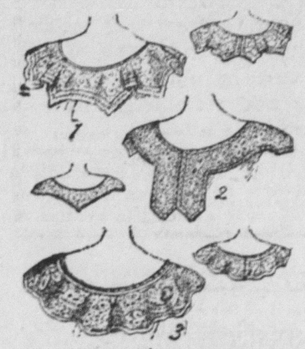
It is said the ever-useful broad turban is to be ousted by the small hat with highly rolled brim.

The correct girdle this season does not lengthen the waist-line unduly by extending much below it, but adapts itself to the curves of the hips in most becoming fashion, slopes upward there, and sometimes extends in a straight line across the back or slopes downward again to form a point in the back. A point at the top in the back is also la mode.

The chronic kicker never has time to do anything else.

NEW IDEAS in TOILETTES

New York City.—Berthas make a marked feature of the season and are to be noted upon most of the latest and smartest gowns. The May Manton



WOMAN'S BERTHA.

designs here given offer a wide variety and are all graceful and smart. In addition to being ornamental they can often be made to serve the double end of modernizing a bodice that has become slightly passe, as they can be relied upon to give the broad-shouldered effect demanded by fashion.

No. 1 is made in handkerchief style and falls in deep points, the fullness forming folds which give an effect of pleats.

No. 2 is circular and elongated at the front to form the stoles that are so much liked, and is extended over the shoulders.

No. 3 is simply circular and falls in soft ripples at its lower edge.

As illustrated, they are all made from lace, finished with bands of batiste fancy stitched, but various other materials are equally appropriate. No. 1 is cut in two pieces and can be made to close at the shoulders or at both front and back. No. 2 closes at the front. No. 3 closes at the front as illustrated, but can be made to close at the front if preferred.

The quantity of material required is, for No. 1, one yard eighteen inches wide, or one yard twenty-one inches wide; for No. 2, three-quarter yard eighteen inches wide or three-quarter yard twenty-one inches wide; for No. 3, one yard eighteen inches wide or three-quarter yard twenty-one inches wide.

RUSSIAN COAT.

Russian Coat With Box Pleats.

Long coats are much in vogue and gain favor with each succeeding week. The May Manton one shown in the large drawing is made in Russian style and is well adapted both to the entire suit and the general wrap. The model is made of black taffeta stitched with corticelli silk, but all coat and suit materials both silk and wool are equally appropriate.

The coat consists of a blouse portion, that is made with applied box pleats at front and back and is fitted by means of shoulder and under-arm seams, and the skirt which is attached thereto beneath the belt. The skirt includes applied pleats that form continuous lines with the blouse and is laid in inverted pleats at the centre back, which provide graceful fullness. The right front laps over the left to close in double-breasted style beneath the edge of the pleat. The sleeves are box pleated from the elbows to the shoulders, so providing the snug fit required by fashion, but form full puffs at the wrists where they are finished by flare cuffs.

The quantity of material required for the medium size is six and a half yards twenty-seven inches wide, four yards forty-four inches wide or four yards fifty-two inches wide.

Pleated Skirts For Fall Wear.

Pleated skirts will be popular for fall wear, and with them will be worn the long coat which has been so successful for a season or two. Long skirts will be relegated more and more for formal and dress occasions, while the just-off-the-ground skirt will be adopted for matinee, walking, shopping, clubs and similar occasions. The hip yoke and the habit back loom up prominently among the fall styles, according to so good an authority as Crerand's Cloak Journal, which is also responsible for the prediction that rough effects, such as English and Scotch suitings, will have the call, and that broadcloth in other colors than black is passe for women's wear.

Shoulder Adornments Doomed.

Ladies' tailors prophesy that the cape collar and all shoulder adornments will have met their Waterloo by the fall, and that on outer garments at least collars will be reduced to a mere band at the back, fading into nothingness at the front. Sleeves, they say, will show less of the pouch effect at the wrist and more fullness at the shoulder. For tailor made garments of the severe style the plain, old-fashioned coat sleeves, finished at the wrist with a narrow turn back cuff or rows of stitching, will be de rigueur. To put a fussy, dressy sleeve on an otherwise plain garment is an artistic mistake.

Fancy Border Umbrella.

The fancy border umbrella is much more favored this year than for several seasons past. The new feature is its barathea edge. These fancy borders come in white on blue or green or garnet, and black with self border. Taffeta umbrellas in all popular shades, with satin self borders, are also much liked.

Woman's Blouse Waist.

Blouse waists create an ever increasing demand. They are greatly in vogue both for the entire gown and the separate bodice and show almost endless variety. This May Manton one is made of white batiste, unlined, with tiny pearl buttons as trimming and is charming, but the design can be reproduced in any of the season's materials, and later will be admirable for soft wool and silk waistings when the fitted lining will be found desirable.

The waist consists of the foundation, that is smoothly fitted and closes at the centre front, the fronts and the back. The back is tucked in groups that extend for its entire length and give tapering lines to the figure, the fronts in narrow tucks at the centre and again at the shoulders, where they extend to yoke depth, with wider tucks between the two which serve to outline the centre and give a vest effect. The sleeves are plain, snug above the elbows and full below, with straight cuffs. At the neck is a stock with a turn-over in clerical style.

The quantity of material required for the medium size is four and a quarter yards twenty-one inches wide, three and three-quarter yards twenty-seven inches wide or two and three-quarter yards forty-four inches wide.

BLOUSE WAIST.

U.M.C.

Smokeless Powder

NITRO CLUB & ARROW SHOT SHELLS

are winning everywhere at the trap-shooting tournaments.

Loaded with A N Y standard smokeless powder, and for sale EVERYWHERE.

Specify U. M. C.

Send for catalog free

The Union Metallic Cartridge Co.
Bridgeport, Conn.

ASTHMA

TAYLOR'S ASTHMA REMEDY will cure any case of Asthma by persistent use. Regular size box, by mail, 35c.; three for $1.00.

T. Taylor & Co., Green Cove Springs, Fla.

DROPSY NEW DISCOVERY; gives quick relief and cures worst cases. Book of testimonials and 10 days' treatment Free. Dr. H. H. GREEN'S SONS, Box B, Atlanta, Ga.

His Inference.

"The young women of a Connecticut town have organized a 'Tongue Guard,'" she remarked as she looked up from the paper she had been reading.

"What's that?" he asked.

"Why, every time one of them says an unkind word about any one she is fined a penny."

"Do they have clubs and sewing circles and card parties and other gossiping organizations?" he inquired.

"I suppose so. Why?"

"Because, if they do, and the fines are paid, their fathers must be millionaires."

As Far as Her Knowledge Went.

Ethel—Do you know anything about puts and calls?

Agnes—No, except that whenever Willie Snively calls on me father puts him out.

Lost Hair

"My hair came out by the handful, and the gray hairs began to creep in. I tried Ayer's Hair Vigor, and it stopped the hair from coming out and restored the color."—Mrs. M. D. Gray, No. Salem, Mass.

There's a pleasure in offering such a preparation as Ayer's Hair Vigor. It gives to all who use it such satisfaction. The hair becomes thicker, longer, softer, and more glossy. And you feel so secure in using such an old and reliable preparation. $1.00 a bottle. All druggists.

If your druggist cannot supply you, send us one dollar and we will express you a bottle. Be sure and give the name of your nearest express office. Address, J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.

PISO'S CURE FOR
CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS.
Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.
CONSUMPTION

His Clever Plan.

"Five dollars, please," said the lawyer to his prospective client.

"But I haven't stated my case yet," protested the client.

"Five dollars first, and then it won't be so difficult to be honest with you," insisted the lawyer.

"How's that?"

"Well, if you haven't got any case, and I advise you to sue, you'll pay me a $50 retainer without a murmur; but if I tell you frankly that you haven't a ghost of a show you'll kick like a steer on a $5 fee, so if I get that fee first I won't be quite so strongly tempted to run you up against a lot of useless litigation, if that happens to be the kind of a case you have."

South Africans bought goods valued at $28,789,000 from the United States in 1902.

Mrs. Hughson, of Chicago, whose letter follows, is another woman in high position who owes her health to the use of

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I suffered for several years with general weakness and bearing-down pains, caused by womb trouble. My appetite was fitful, and I would lie awake for hours, and could not sleep, until I seemed more weary in the morning than when I retired. After reading one of your advertisements I decided to try the merits of **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound**, and I am so glad I did. No one can describe the good it did me. I took three bottles faithfully, and besides building up my general health, it drove all disease and poison out of my body, and made me feel as spry and active as a young girl. Mrs. Pinkham's medicines are certainly all they are claimed to be."—MRS. M. E. HUGHSON, 347 East Ohio St., Chicago, Ill.

Mrs. Pinkham Tells How Ordinary Tasks Produce Displacements.

Apparently trifling incidents in woman's daily life frequently produce displacements of the womb. A slip on the stairs, lifting during menstruation, standing at a counter, running a sewing machine, or attending to the most ordinary tasks may result in displacement, and a train of serious evils is started.

The first indication of such trouble should be the signal for quick action. Don't let the condition become chronic through neglect or a mistaken idea that you can overcome it by exercise or leaving it alone.

More than a million women have regained health by the use of **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.**

If the slightest trouble appears which you do not understand write to Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass., for her advice, and a few timely words from her will show you the right thing to do. This advice costs you nothing, but it may mean life or happiness or both.

Mrs. Lelah Stowell, 177 Wellington St., Kingston, Ont., writes:

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—You are indeed a godsend to women, and if they all knew what you could do for them, there would be no need of their dragging out miserable lives in agony.

"I suffered for years with bearing-down pains, womb trouble, nervousness, and excruciating headache, but a few bottles of **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** made life look new and promising to me. I am light and happy, and I do not know what sickness is, and I now enjoy the best of health."

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound can always be relied upon to restore health to women who thus suffer. It is a sovereign cure for the worst forms of female complaints,—that bearing-down feeling, weak back, falling and displacement of the womb, inflammation of the ovaries, and all troubles of the uterus or womb. It dissolves and expels tumors from the uterus in the early stage of development, and checks any tendency to cancerous humors. It subdues excitability, nervous prostration, and tones up the entire female system. Its record of cures is the greatest in the world, and should be relied upon with confidence.

$5000 FORFEIT if we cannot forthwith produce the original letters and signatures of above testimonials, which will prove their absolute genuineness.
Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass.

COMMERCIAL REVIEW.

General Trade Conditions.

Bradstreet's says:

"Summed up in a sentence, it may be said that the past in trade and industry is satisfactorily secured, while the future, despite some mainly sentimental drawbacks, is highly promising. Divided geographically, it is to be noted that the East feels the effect of speculative liquidation, and the dulling effects on manufacturing of high prices of raw material, or of strikes, while the West and South contemplate the prospects of good yields of staple crops and remunerative prices for the same with confidence, and even optimism. Staple prices are drifting lower. Food products certainly tend lower.

"Business failures in the United States for the week ending August 6 numbered 161, against 190 last week, 169 in the like week of 1902, 185 in 1901, 172 in 1900 and 156 in 1889.

"In Canada for the week failures number 26, as against 17 last week, and 14 in this week a year ago."

LATEST MARKET QUOTATIONS.

Flour—Spring clear, $3.55@3.70; best Patent $4.90; choice Family $4.15.

Wheat—New York No. 2, 83c; Philadelphia No. 2, 81@81¼c; Baltimore No. 2, 79c.

Corn—New York No. 2, 58¾; Philadelphia No. 2, 56½@57c; Baltimore No. 2, 55½c.

Oats—New York No. 2, 40c; Philadelphia No. 2, 41c; Baltimore No. 2 37½c.

Hay—We quote: No. 1 timothy, large bales, $19.00@19.50; No. 2 timothy $17.00@18.00; No. 3 timothy 14.50@16.00.

Green Fruits and Vegetables.—Apples—Maryland and Virginia, per brl, fancy, $1.00@—; do, fair to good, 75@90c. Beets—Native, per bunch 1@1½c. Blackberries—Eastern Shore—per quart, cultivated, 4@5c. Cabbage—Native, per 100, Wakefield, $1.50@2.00; do, Flat Dutch, $3.00@4.00. Cantaloupes—Anne Arundel Gems, per basket 45c@$1.00. Celery—New York State, per dozen 30@50c. Carrots—Native, per bunch, 1@1½c. Corn—Native, per dozen, field, 7@10c; do, per dozen, sugar, 9@12c. Cucumbers—Anne Arundel, per basket 30@35c. Damsons—Maryland and Virginia, per full barrel, $5.00@5.50; do, per beach basket 80c@$1.00. Eggplants—Native, per basket 60@65c. Huckleberries—Eastern Shore, Maryland and Virginia, per quart 6@6½c. Lettuce—Native, per bushel box 30@50c. Onions—Rappahannock, per half-barrel basket 60@65c; do, per brl $1.25@1.40; do, Maryland and Pennsylvania, yellow, per bu 50@55c; do, Western white, per bu 75@80. Peaches—Georgia, per carrier $1.75@2.25; do, Virginia, per basket, 50@80c; do, per box $1.25@1.75. Pears—Eastern Shore, Bartlett, per basket 60@90c; do, Maryland and Virginia, common, per basket 25@50c. Pineapples—Florida, per crate, as to size, $1.75@2.75. Squash—Anne Arundel, per basket 25@30c. String beans—Anne Arundel, per bu, green, 50@70c. Tomatoes—Potomac, per 2-basket carrier $30@50c; do, per 5-basket carrier 25@30c; do, per carrier, culls, 15@25c; do, per ½-basket 15@20c; do, Anne Arundel, per basket 15@25c. Watermelons—North Carolina, selects, per 100 $16.00@18.00; do, primes, per 100 $8.00@12.00.

Provisions and Hog Products—Bulk clear rib sides, 9½c; bulk clear sides, 10¼c; bulk shoulders, 9¼c; bulk backs, 18 lbs and under, 8¾c; bulk bellies, 11c; sugar-cured shoulders, narrow, 9¾c; sugar-cured shoulders, extra broad, 11c; sugar-cured California hams, 9½c; hams canvased and uncanvased, 15 lbs and over, 13¾c; skinned 14¾c; refined lard, second-hand tubs, 9¼c; refined lard, half-barrels and new tubs, 9½c; tierces, lard, 9c.

Live Poultry—Chickens, hens, per lb, 13@13½c; do, old roosters, each, 25@30c; do, spring, large, 17@18c; do, small, 15@16c. Ducks, puddle, per lb, 9@10c; do, muscovy and mongrel, per lb, 9@10c; do, drakes, each, per lb, 30@40c; do, white Pekings, per lb, 10@11c. Spring ducks, 3 lbs and over, 11@12c. Geese, Western and Southern, each, 30@40c; do, Maryland and Virginia, per lb, —@—; do, Kent Island, per lb, —@—. Pigeons, young, per pair, 20@25c; do, old, per pair, —@25c. Guinea fowl, each —@25c.

Butter—Separator 21@22; Gathered Cream 20@21c; Imitations —@10c.

Eggs—Choice, nearby, loss off, per doz, —@16; do, West Virginia, loss off, per doz, —17½; do, Southern, loss off, per doz, —@15c. Guinea, per doz, 8@9c. Jobbing prices ½ to 1c higher.

Cheese—Large, 60-lbs, 11@11¼; do, 36-lbs, 11¼@11½; 20-lbs, 11½@11¾.

Live Stock.

Chicago. — Cattle — Receipts 9000 head; market slow and weak; Texans $5.00; Western $3.00; good to prime steers $5.10@5.50; poor to medium $3.60@4.90; stockers and feeders $2.50@4.30; cows $1.50@4.50; heifers $2.00@4.75; canners $1.50@2.70; bulls $2.25@4.60; calves $2.50@7.00; Texas fed steers $3.50@4.75; Western steers $3.50@4.60. Hogs—Receipts 24,000 head; tomorrow 20,000; left over, 3000; market shade lower; mixed and butchers $4.95@5.65; good to choice heavy $5.30@5.50; rough heavy $4.65@5.30; light $5.30@5.70; bulk of sales $5.15@5.40. Sheep—Receipts 8000 head; sheep 10 to 25c lower; lambs steady; good to choice wethers $3.40@3.85; fair to choice mixed $2.50@3.40; native lambs $5.00@5.65.

East Liberty.—Cattle slow; choice $5.20@5.35; prime $5.00@5.15; good $4.90@5.10. Hogs higher; prime heavy $5.65@5.70; mediums $5.20@6.25; heavy Yorkers $6.25@6.30; light Yorkers $6.30@6.35; pigs $6.30@6.35; roughs $4.00@5.00. Sheep dull, best wethers $3.80@4.00; culls and common $1.50@2.00 yearlings $3.00@4.50; veal calves $7.00@7.25.

INDUSTRIAL AND SCIENTIFIC NOTES.

A third tail to Borelli's comet has been discovered.

The streets of Tokyo will soon have trolley cars.

The lion is the only wild animal that is capable of affection.

A sunflower sucks up 145 pounds of water during its growth.

The manufacture of artificial camphor by electrolysis is now assured.

South Africans bought goods valued at $28,789,000 from the United States in 1902.

Railroads and Forestry.

The railroads of the United States use ever year 110,000,000 new ties to replace old ones. Timber suitable for ties has become scarce, and prices have increased year by year. For twenty years railroad managers have been considering the question of timber supply for ties, and have been led into experiments in forest culture for profit.

In the West several of the stronger railway companies have groves of catalpa old enough to give them trees for ties. The older companies are extending the catalpa plantations, and other companies, satisfied with the experiments, are putting out trees by the hundred thousand.

The catalpa is of rapid growth, the wood is durable, and the influence of the planting experiments on a large scale of the railroad companies has been a practical demonstration of the advantages of forest culture for profit. If it is profitable for corporations to grow catalpas it is profitable for individuals to grow them.

A Bottled Brother.

Dr. Gillespie, the present moderator of the Church of Scotland, tells how he was nonplussed the other day by a ragged urchin with whom he got into conversation. He said:

"My boy, who looks after you?"

"Nasbuddy," was the quick reply.

"Where is your father?"

"He's deid."

"Have you a mother?"

"She's deid, tae."

"Have you not a sister, then?"

"I niver had yin."

"But surely you have a brother?"

"Yes, but he's at Glasga College."

"Well, cannot he spare some time from his studies to look after you a bit?"

"Na, sir; for he was born wi' two heids, and they keep him in a bottle."

More Interesting.

Miss Gusch—Didn't you really attend the wedding?

Mr. Crabbe—No. There was a prize fight on at the club that night, and——

Miss Gusch—And would you rather attend a prize fight than a wedding?

Mr. Crabbe—Of course, you can't bet on the best man at a wedding.

FITS permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. $2 trial bottle and treatise free. Dr. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

Monday is the favorite day for committing suicide.

The Summer Bath.

Nothing is more refreshing or invigorating in summer than a daily bath. Use soft tepid water and good soap. Ivory Soap is ideal for the bath; it is pure, lathers quickly and leaves the skin soft and white. The bath should be taken early in the morning or just before retiring at night.

ELEANOR B. PARKER.

Paris has the biggest debt of any city in the world. It amounts to $400,000,000.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c. a bottle

Don't allow your dazzling prospects to blind you.

I do not believe Piso's Cure for Consumption has an equal for coughs and colds.—JOHN F. BOYER, Trinity Springs, Ind., Feb. 15, 1900.

It is better to put on airs than to cut off heirs.

Too Swift Concurrence.

An Atchison man, newly married, was sounding his wife's praises to his men friends. "Why, she is so much better than I," he said, "I don't see how she came to marry me." His friends all agreed to this so promptly that he got mad; said he was as good as his wife any day, and wanted to whip the crowd.—Atchison Globe.

$100 Reward. $100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials. Address

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.
Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Child Mortality in the West Indies.

In the West Indies infantile mortality is very heavy. As soon as the children of the peasant can toddle about they are allowed to eat whatever they pick up. As a natural result more than half of them die in many of the islands before they are a year old.

HEADACHE

"My father had been a sufferer from sick headache for the last twenty-five years and never found any relief until he began taking your Cascarets. Since he has begun taking Cascarets he has never had the headache. They have entirely cured him. Cascarets do what you recommend them to do. I will give you the privilege of using his name." E. M. Dickson, 1120 Resiner St., W. Indianapolis, Ind.

Best for The Bowels

Cascarets

CANDY CATHARTIC

THEY WORK WHILE YOU SLEEP

Pleasant, Palatable, Potent, Taste Good, Do Good, Never Sicken, Weaken or Gripe, 10c, 25c, 50c. Never sold in bulk. The genuine tablet stamped CCC. Guaranteed to cure or your money back.

Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or N.Y. 598

ANNUAL SALE, TEN MILLION BOXES

Good Pills

Ayer's Pills are good liver pills. You know that. The best family laxative you can buy. They keep the bowels regular, cure constipation.

J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

Want your moustache or beard a beautiful brown or rich black? Use

BUCKINGHAM'S DYE

FIFTY CTS. OF DRUGGISTS OR R. P. HALL & CO., NASHUA, N.H.

THE SALESWOMAN

Compelled to Be on Her Feet the Larger Part of the Day Finds a Tonic in Peruna.

Miss Curtain, of St. Paul, Gives Her Experience.

MISS NELLIE CURTAIN, 646 Pearl street, St. Paul, Minn., head saleswoman in a department store, writes:

"I have charge of a department in a dry goods store, and after standing the larger part of the day, I would go home with a dull ache, generally through my entire body. I used Peruna and feel so much better that I walk to and from the store now. I know Peruna to be the best medicine on the market for the diseases peculiar to women."—Miss Nellie Curtain.

Nothing is so weakening to the human system as the constant loss of mucus. Catarrhal inflammation of the mucous membrane produces an excessive formation of mucus. Whether the mucous membrane be located in the head or pelvic organs, the discharge of mucus is sure to occur.

This discharge of mucus constitutes a weakening drain; the system cannot long withstand the loss of mucus, hence it is that women afflicted with catarrhal affections of the pelvic organs feel tired and languid, with weak back and throbbing brain. A course of Peruna is sure to restore health by cutting off the weakening drain of the daily loss of mucus.

An Admirable Tonic.

Congressman Mark H. Dunnell, National Hotel, Washington, D. C., writes:

"Your Peruna being used by myself and many of my friends and acquaintances, not only as a cure for catarrh but also as an admirable tonic for physical recuperation, I gladly recommend it to all persons requiring such remedies."—Mark H. Dunnell.

If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, Ohio.

WINCHESTER

RIFLE & PISTOL CARTRIDGES.

"It's the shots that hit that count." Winchester Rifle and Pistol Cartridges in all calibers hit, that is, they shoot accurately and strike a good, hard, penetrating blow. This is the kind of cartridges you will get, if you insist on having the time-tried Winchester make.

ALL DEALERS SELL WINCHESTER MAKE OF CARTRIDGES.

ELECTRIC WASHING COMPOUND
TWENTIETH CENTURY DISCOVERY
NO MORE BACK BREAKING WASH DAYS.

THE GREAT TIME AND LABOR SAVER WILL WASH THE COARSEST & FINEST FABRICS WITHOUT INJURY TO THE GOODS. NO WASHBOARD USED. A CHILD 15 YEARS OLD CAN DO THE FAMILY WASHING AT ONE FOURTH OF THE ORDINARY TIME & COST. A TRIAL IS ALL WE ASK, IF YOUR GROCER DOES NOT HANDLE IT SEND 6 cts. FOR 1 BAR OR 50 cts. FOR A DOZ. YOU WILL FIND IT IS ALL WE CLAIM FOR IT. COST NOT OVER 1½ cts. PER HEAD FOR EACH IN FAMILY.

THE ATLANTIC M'F'G. COMPANY.
BALTIMORE, MD.

If You Don't Want

CURLS IN YOUR HAIR

YOU DO WANT

Carpenter's OX MARROW POMADE

(BEWARE OF IMITATIONS.)

It is the best hair straightener sold; makes the hair soft and glossy and is perfectly harmless. More than worth the price.

PRICE, 25 CENTS,

And if your druggist hasn't it we will send it by mail on receipt of 25 cents in stamps.

Address, CARPENTER & CO., Louisville, Ky.

RIPANS TABULES

Ripans Tabules are the best dyspepsia medicine ever made. A hundred millions of them have been sold in the United States in a single year. Every illness arising from a disordered stomach is relieved or cured by their use. So common is it that diseases originate from the stomach it may be safely asserted there is no condition of ill health that will not be benefited or cured by the occasional use of Ripans Tabules. Physicians know them and speak highly of them. All druggists sell them. The five-cent package is enough for an ordinary occasion, and the Family Bottle, sixty cents, contains a household supply for a year. One generally gives relief within twenty minutes.

FREE! TO WOMEN
A Large Trial Package of

PAXTINE TOILET ANTISEPTIC

A NEW SPECIALTY FOR WOMEN.

Internal cleanliness is the key to woman's health and vigor. Inflammation, Soreness, Pelvic Catarrh cannot exist with it.

Paxtine used as a vaginal douche is a revelation in combined cleansing and healing power. It kills all disease germs. In local treatment of female ills it is invaluable. Heals Inflammation and cures all discharges. Never fails to cure Nasal Catarrh. Cures offensive perspiration of arm pits and feet. Cures Sore Throat, Sore Mouth and Sore Eyes. As a tooth powder nothing equals it. Removes Tartar, Hardens the Gums and whitens the teeth, makes a bad breath sweet and agreeable.

Thousands of letters from women prove that it is the greatest cure for Leucorrhoea ever discovered. We have yet to hear of the first case it failed to cure.

To prove all this we will mail a large trial package with book of instructions absolutely free. This is not a tiny sample, but enough to convince anyone.

At druggists or sent postpaid by us, 50 cts. large box. Satisfaction guaranteed. The R. Paxton Co., Dept. 70, Boston, Mass.

The University of Notre Dame

NOTRE DAME, INDIANA.

FULL COURSES IN Classics, Letters, Economics and History, Journalism, Art, Science, Pharmacy, Law, Civil, Mechanical and Electrical Engineering, Architecture. Thorough Preparatory and Commercial Courses.

Rooms Free to all students who have completed the studies required for admission into the Sophomore, Junior or Senior Year of any of the Collegiate Courses.

Rooms to Rent, moderate charge to students over seventeen preparing for Collegiate Courses.

A limited number of Candidates for the Ecclesiastical state will be received at special rates.

St. Edward's Hall, for boys under 13 years, is unique in the completeness of its equipment.

The 60th Year will open September 8, 1903. Catalogues Free. Address

REV. A. MORRISSEY, C. S. C., President, Box 25.

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PATENTS,
TRADE-MARKS AND PENSIONS.
Are You Interested?

Millions of dollars have been made out of Patents and Trade-Marks. Millions of dollars are appropriated to pay pensions. 30 years practice.

For information and literature, FREE, write to THE W. B. WILLS COMPANY, Wills Building, 312 Ind. Ave., Washington, D. C.

FOR Habitual Constipation, Sick Headache Gastro-Intestinal Catarrh, Gastric Dyspepsia, Want of Appetite, Rheumatic and Gouty Affections, Piles and other Congestions, there is nothing better than

NATROLITHIC SALTS.

A Palatable Remedy and Certain in Results.

Fifty cents. All druggists, or direct from The Capital Chemical and Mfg. Co., Washington, D. C.

TARRANT'S SELTZER APERIENT

The Effervescent always reliable Morning Laxative

cures sick stomachs and aching heads.

50c. & $1.

The Tarrant Co., 21 Jay St., New York

Everybody's Shoes Are Here . . . .

Every kind of Boot and Shoe for everybody—men, women, children and the babies, and for every business, every dress and every sport and pastime use. Whether you walk or ride play golf or ball, whether you fish or hunt, dance or go a-bicycling, or whether you like to be dressed up and keep so, we have Shoes for all these uses and for all these purposes.

Our Boots and Shoes are the very best, and our prices the very least.

Agent for W. L. Douglas' $3.00 and $3.50 Shoe for Men, and Queen Quality the famous $3.00 Shoe for Women.

If you want correct Footwear, come to headquarters for it.

Mingle's Shoe Store,

BELLEFONTE, PA.

CHURCH APPOINTMENTS.

Lutheran—Georges Valley, morning; Union, afternoon; Centre Hall, evening.

Reformed—Centre Hall, morning; Tusseyville, afternoon.

Methodist—Sprucetown, morning; Centre Hall, afternoon; Spring Mills, evening.

Evangelical—Tusseyville, morning; Egg Hill, afternoon; Centre Hall, evening.

Presbyterian—Centre Hall, morning; Spring Mills, afternoon.

Soldiers' Reunion.

The soldiers' reunion will be held at Pine Grove Mills Saturday, September 12th.

Choice Timothy Seed.

Foreman & Smith offer for sale choice Western recleaned timothy seed, the best in the market.

Love-Tate.

John A. Love, of Bellefonte, and Miss Catharine M. Tate, of Pleasant Gap, were married Saturday at the Evangelical parsonage, Centre Hall, by Rev. J. F. Shultz.

Fell Fifty Feet.

John Schooley, a well known painter in Lock Haven, fell from the spire of the Great Island Presbyterian church, a distance of fifty feet. His ankle was broken, and other injuries were inflicted. The man will recover.

Plum Grove S. S. Picnic.

The Plum Grove Union Sunday School will hold a basket picnic in the grove adjoining the Plum Grove school house, Saturday, August 22nd. Exercises will open at 9 o'clock. All are most cordially invited to be present.

Dollar Wheat.

Dollar wheat was seen on 'change in Minneapolis Friday of last week for the first time since the Leiter corner in 1898.

It was cash wheat, and there were sales at that figure. Later $1.02 was asked and $1.01 bid, with no sales. The September option touched 85 cents, the highest point in fourteen years.

The New Mail Service.

It is only a short time until the rural mail service will be inaugurated on the north side of Potter township. Patrons along the route should have everything in readiness for the first delivery which will be made Tuesday, September 1st. Mail boxes should be conveniently placed, and the best paterns should be secured.

Might have been Serious.

The Howard Hustler says what might have been a serious accident occurred while hauling in hay on the Pletcher farm above town.

While Samuel, the eight year old son of Rudolph Pletcher was driving the wagon which was about half loaded, the boy some how fell off the wagon and the hind wheel run over his neck. Great was their surprise when the boy jumped up unhurt; a clod of dirt was just in front of the wheel which raised it when the boy fell under; he received no bruises but a slight scratch in the neck.

Tiling Replaces Bridge.

Three sections of six foot cast iron tiling has been substituted for a thirty-foot bridge on the L. and T. R. R., near Goodhart's, east of Centre Hall. These tiling were placed in position last week, and later the road bed will be filled in. Each section of tiling weighed about fourteen thousand pounds, the combined weight being fifty-two thousand seven hundred and sixty-six pounds, or a little over twenty-five tons. Trackmaster James H. Smetzler, and assistants, Messrs. John Puff, J. Wesley Whiteman and John A. Martz assisted the construction crew to lay the tiling.

Short bridges will gradually disappear by the substitution of metal viaducts, making railroading less hazardous.

THE MUSICALE.

The Hospital Benefit Tuesday Night Was Well Attended.

The musicale given Tuesday night by the Ladies Auxiliary Hospital Aid Society for the benefit of the Bellefonte Hospital was a success musically and financially. This society is a small band of ladies, with a few male honorary members, who heretofore have gathered many useful articles, others were made by their own hands, for the use of the hospital. Tuesday night there was a deviation from this method—the ready cash was lifted in the shape of admission fee to the musicale, and this without making deductions for expenses, will be used to purchase raw material which will be made into articles needed in the hospital.

THE PROGRAM.

Chorus: While the Days are Passing By. The Society.
Piano Solo: Old Black Joe. Prof. Will D. Blair.
Drill: Bringing in the Sheaves.
Recitation: Little Mabel and the Clock. Miriam Meyer.
Vocal Solo: Mighty Lak a Rose. Miss Emilie Alexander.
Vocal Solo: The Toreador. John Bullock.
Vocal Solo: Dolly's Revenge. Miss Mary Bradley.
Recitation: Diamond Cut Diamond. Mrs. Grenoble.
Kindergarten Song: Frain Mark.
Piano Solo: Meditation. Miss Helen Hosterman.
Vocal Solo: Queen of the Earth. Prof. Blair.
Recitation: Tommy's Prayer. Miss Anna Bartholomew.
Vocal Solo: 'Tis not True. Mrs. Grenoble. Accompanist, E. B. Bartholomew.
Piano Solo: Dance of the Demons. Prof. Blair.

A pretty feature of the entertainment was a drill participated in by forty-four children, ranging in age from four to twelve years. Their names are appended:

Freda Bailey	Robert Krumbine
Nellie Smith	George Slack
Nina Slick	George Kline
Edna Robinson	David Kuhn
Amanda Krumbine	Calvin Smith
Carrie Sweetwood	Paul Bradford
Laura Mitterling	Ross Lytle
Isabel Krumbine	Henry Mitterling
Jean Shultz	William Bradford
Marguerite Derstine	Ralph Dinges
Florence Stover	Roy White
Ruth Smith	Alfred Crawford
Verna Nearhood	Frain Mark
Ida Sweetwood	Andrew Miller
Mary Dinges	Charlie Smith
Mary Lytle	Fred Slack
Helen Wilson	John Whiteman
Elizabeth Hoy	Roy Puff
Elizabeth Sanders	John Stover
Edna Krape	Swengel Smith
Mary Whiteman	Milton Krumbine
Elizabeth Sweetwood	Robert McCormick

The ladies of the society feel themselves especially indebted to Mr. Bullock and Miss Bradley, of Bellefonte; Prof. Blair, of Mifflinburg; and Miss Emilie Alexander, for their aid. These young people, all of whom are trained singers, came here at a sacrifice of time and besides paid their own expenses.

Miss Helen Hosterman, who is giving instrumental music special attention at the Allentown College for Women, acted in the capacity of pianist. She is making great strides toward perfection.

The proceeds were $28.40.

Support Patrons Exhibition.

The farmers of Centre county should loyally support the Patron's exhibition and encampment to be held in Grange Park, September 12 to 18. There is no other gathering in the county that is conducted exclusively by the farmers and for their special benefit.

Every effort is being put forth by the committee in charge to make the coming encampment one of interest and profit for the agricultural class.

Beside being personally present every farmer can do something toward making the encampment and exhibition creditable by placing on exhibition some product of the soil. Let every agriculturalist do his share toward making the coming gathering of farmers a success.

Reduced Rates to Williams' Grove.

For the Thirtieth Annual Inter-State Grange Picnic Exhibition, to be held at Williams' Grove, August 24 to 29, the Pennsylvania Railroad Company will sell excursion tickets from August 21 to 29, inclusive, good to return until September 1, inclusive, at reduced rates, from all stations on its lines in the state of Pennsylvania.

There will be an elaborate display of farm machinery in actual operation during the exhibition, and addresses will be delivered by well-known agricultural speakers.

For information in regard to train service and specific rates application should be made to ticket agents. 2t.

Fertilizer, Fertilizer.

We will have on hand during the season, a quantity of the Pollock Fertilizer Company's fertilizer. You cannot go wrong in buying these fertilizers, and you will not go wrong, because the very first essential to successful farming is the production of good crops, and in order to produce the satisfactory crop the proper quality and quantity of fertilizer must be used. We can give you what you need in this line, and it will not take very much of your coin, either.

FOREMAN & SMITH.

SHORT OF FUNDS.

Will Require $6,000,000 Appropriation for First Half of 1904.

Congress at its next session must authorize a deficiency appropriation of $6,000,000 or the establishment of rural free delivery routes must be suspended from January 1 to June 30, 1904. The astonishing discovery has just been made by the post office authorities that half of the $12,500,000 appropriated for the rural free delivery service during the present fiscal year has been anticipated. Of this sum only sufficient remains to continue the development of the system for the current year.

August W. Machen, former superintendent of the service, now under indictment on various charges, is held responsible for this condition of affairs. He has virtually mortgaged the appropriation for the current fiscal year by establishing routes during the last months of his incumbency.

Weaver Property Sold.

Geo. S. Weaver lately purchased at public sale the Daniel Weaver property in Gregg township. Price paid was $450.

Harvest Home Services.

Harvest Home services will be observed Sunday in the Reformed church at Centre Hall and Tusseyville, forenoon and afternoon, respectively.

Treaty Rejected.

The Columbian Senate rejected the Panama canal treaty. There is now virtually no hope for a treaty with Columbia that will permit the construction of the Panama canal by the United States.

Bless the Automobile.

The first "fatality" in Centre Hall on account of the automobile was recorded one day last week, when a machine of that type ran over and crushed out the life of the pet dog belonging to Shoemaker John Martz. As a dog exterminator, bless the automobile.

Penn Roller Mills for Sale.

C. W. Fisher, executor of the estate of J. B. Fisher, deceased, will offer the Penn Roller Mills, saw mill, dwelling house, store room, barn and thirty-two acres of land for sale August 27th. See posters. The property is a valuable one.

Fifty More Suits.

Dr. Warren, Dairy and Food Commissioner, ordered the prosecution of fifty cases for violations of the pure food law. These suits extend over various parts of the State and include adulterations of milk, cream, vanilla, molasses and other articles.

Mifflin Republican Candidates.

The following Republican nominations were made for county officers in Mifflin county: Joseph C. Breham, of Lewistown, for Associate Judge, with Forest Swyers, of Yeagertown, a close second; E. Conrad, of McVeytown, Jury Commissioner, and George Moyer, of Derry township, Director of the poor.

Property Changes Hands.

James M. Moyer, of Tusseyville, sold his dwelling house, blacksmith shop and good will, to Wm. H. Lee, of Colyer. In the spring these premises will be occupied by Arthur B. Lee, the owner's son, who will conduct business at that point. The junior Lee, since last spring, has been in York.

Exit Beavers.

George W. Beavers, the indicted postal official, has departed for parts unknown to the authorities. As the authorities displayed no great desire to take Beavers into custody when they had the opportunity that gentleman is not much to blame for taking a trip out of the country.

Taken to Asylum.

John A. Miller, of Axe Mann, whose mind had become unbalanced, has been taken to the insane asylum at Danville.

Mrs. James Knoffsinger, of near Pleasant Gap, Tuesday was taken to the Warren asylum. She was accompanied to the institution by Prof. W. A. Krise, of this place; and Mrs. Perry Krise, of Potters Mills.

LOCALS.

Cyrus Luse, of Tyrone, has been serving as chief police since the beginning of April. The police force of that town have had considerable trouble of late with the lawless.

Rev. W. K. Foster, of the Presbyterian church at Watsontown, filled the appointments Sunday in the Centre Hall Presbyterian and Reformed churches. Rev. Foster's sermons created much favorable comment.

Prof. M. H. Pingree, assistant chemist at State College, while driving through an old wood road near Denmark, Maine, his former home, was struck in the eye by a twig which seriously injured that member.

Miss Emilie Alexander is entertaining Miss Rose Voght, of Tyrone. Miss Voght is a daughter of a prominent clothier in her home town, and is a young lady of accomplishments. Misses Kate and Edith Dale, daughters of Dr. J. Y. Dale, of Lemont, were also guests of Miss Alexander, last week.

ZOOLOGIST'S EQUIPMENT.

It is to be Increased to Enable Better Results to be Obtained.

The State Board of Public Buildings and Grounds has arranged to give better equipment and more room to the State Economic Zoologist, who is at present domiciled in the old factory building, with limited accommodations.

The work of this branch of the Department of Agriculture has been increasing rapidly, as people are continually sending samples of pests found on trees and plants, for which they desire exterminants. Many such cases have been acted upon this Summer, and it is the aim of Secretary Critchfield and Zoologist Surface to make the work as beneficial as possible to the farmers of the State.

An examination room will be fitted up, and the zoologist and his assistants will have glasses and microscopes to make their inspections.

DEATHS.

MRS. ELIZA PAINTER.

Brief mention was made last week of the death of Mrs. Eliza Painter, who was one of the oldest ladies in this locality. Up to within six months of her death Mrs. Painter enjoyed remarkably good health considering her age, but about that time she was stricken with paralysis which constantly thereafter caused her suffering.

Mrs. Painter was thrice married. Her maiden name was Eliza Glats, and she was born in Lebanon county. Her first husband was Thomas Walker. One child, who died in infancy, was born to this union.

The second husband was Jacob Fleisher. The children that survive are, Rebecca, wife of William H. Lee, at whose home Mrs. Painter died; Thomas Fleisher, Henchman, Michigan; Sallie, wife of John Shaffer, Michigan; Ellen, wife of Samuel Osman, Julian; Henry Fleisher, Chicago, Illinois; Adam Fleisher Michigan.

The third husband was Samuel Painter, whose death occurred about twenty years ago.

The deceased was afflicted with cancer on her nose for at least thirty years yet with this ravaging disease gnawing at her vitality, the lady lived to attain the age of ninety-three years, having been born July 4, 1810.

SAMUEL MUSSER.

Samuel Musser, who was a native of Centre county and spent the greater part of his life here up until a year ago, died at his home in Tyrone Saturday evening. Death was due to paralysis, he having suffered several strokes since last spring.

Deceased was born in Harris township and was the oldest son of William and Catherine Musser, deceased. He was engaged in farming the greater part of his life, owning a well tilled farm in Ferguson township. About a year and a half ago he retired and has since been living in Tyrone.

He was married to Nancy Rider, a daughter of Michael Rider, of Gatesburg, who survives him with twelve children, all grown up. Several of the sons are quite prominent in the business and professional walks of life. He also leaves two brothers and one sister, as follows: John Musser, Jr., of Pine Grove Mills; William H. and Mrs. Frank B. Stover, of Bellefonte.

LOCALS.

Prof. W. T. Meyer, of Philadelphia, the pianist, was in town Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. G. L. Goodhart, of Centre Hill, beginning of this week visited near Hublersburg.

Henry B. Leitzell, of Freeport, Illinois, in a note to the Reporter, says the weather in his state is cool for August.

Mrs. W. C. Sweetwood, of Highspire, and Cora Sweetwood, of Harrisburg, are visiting friends and relatives about Centre Hill.

Miss Bessie Rogers who has been sick at the home of Wm. M. Grove, near Centre Hill, recovered sufficiently to go to her home at Nittany.

Messrs. H. E. Shreckengost and Charles Eungart, of Farmers Mills, are building an addition to the farm house of Samuel Bruss, east of Centre Hall.

Henry Barger, of Moshannon, was taken to the Bellefonte hospital Monday to be treated for appendicitis. He had been a sufferer from that disease on two former occasions.

John J. Taylor, who has lived near this place for five years, sold his home east of Centre Hall to Wm. Colyer and has purchased one at Mt. Union, and with his family, will move there in the fall.

Rev. Rearick's appointment in the Lutheran church at this place Sunday afternoon was filled by Rev. M. S. Derstine, pastor of the Methodist church in Dillsburg. His theme was "Character."

Dr. Stuart C. Runkle, of Philadelphia; his sister, Mrs. J. B. White, of Pitcairn; and sister-in-law, Mrs. Runkle, wife of Rev. J. M. Runkle, of Williamsport, were in town for a few hours Monday and called on the Reporter. Dr. Runkle is enjoying a brief vacation from a lucrative practice in Philadelphia, and finds no better place to spend it than in the neighborhood of his birthplace.

THE STAR STORE.

ESTABLISHED 1889.

GEO. O. BENNER - - - PROPRIETOR.

A WORD TO YOU.

We wish to impress you with the fact that "The Star Store" is better able today to please you than ever before. Our stock is complete, and new goods coming in every day. You know full well that they are going out too. Indeed, our trade is constantly on the increase, old customers staying with us and new ones being added. There must be some reason for this. Our highest ambition is to please, and because of our being favorably situated for business, coupled with so little expense, and being satisfied with small profit, treating all alike for the Cash down, can it be otherwise? If you want it and want it quick and lower than you buy it elsewhere, go to the store on the Flat Iron Corner at the station.

READ THE FOLLOWING:

Prunes—6 lbs. choice California prunes, 25c.
Rice—6 lbs, choice rice, 25c.
Coffee—A dry roasted, loose coffee, per lb., 10c.
Oats—5 lbs. choice oats, with pretty dish, 25c.
Tapioca—A fancy pearl tapioca, per lb., 6c.
Fancy N. O. Molasses—High grade, per qt., 12c.
Syrup—Ajax syrup will please, per qt., 10c.
Envelopes, all grades and sizes, price low.
Note paper—Guaranteed all right, ¼ ream, 20c.
Thermometer—Others sell at 25c our price 10c.
Hose—Fancy colors and black for men and women 10c.
Shoes—Our stock larger than any in town.
Knives, Scissors and Razors—We handle Case Bros. goods.
Washing machine—American, price only $2 92;
Clothes wringer—"The Rival" and guaranteed, $1.75.
Lane wagon jack—We have them to sell.
Churns—Call and see them.
Binder twine—Still a little on hand.
Elastic carbon paint—Does your roof leak?
Ice cream Freezers—We sell the Freezo.
Crocks—We have anything you want.
Glass jars—Stock full, any size.
Dynamite, fuse and caps—You can get any time.
It isn't necessary to talk on at this rate, just come and get it.

Our terms—Cash to everybody.

THE STAR.

The Centre Hall Bargain Store.

We will quote you a few special prices on staple articles that will warrant your attention—

MEN'S and BOYS' DRESS SHIRTS.

These goods will be offered at greatly reduced prices; the goods are up to date.

Rag Carpets

If you are in need of Good Rag Carpets, with wool stripes, come and see the extra good bargain we can give you.

There are many lines of goods that we are offering at cut prices, in order to make room for fall stock. Call to see us and inspect our goods and the lines that have been placed on the sacrifice block.

Centre Hall, Pa. **J. F. SMITH.**

ANOTHER WEEK FOR

Clean Sweep Prices.

The CUT PRICES we have been giving our customers have made an impression on our stock, but there are yet plenty of bargains left in the lines we have previously quoted and what we quote below—

Tangle-foot Fly Paper, 3 double sheets	$ 05
Poison Fly Paper, 8 sheets	04
Covered Jelly Tumblers, each	02
Quart Tin Cans, per doz.	42
Mason Glass Jars, pints, per doz.	45
" " " quarts, per doz.	55
" " " half gals.,	70
Gentlemen's Steel Gray Belts	20
Boys' Express Wagons	1.00
Ladies' 25c Lace Lisle Gloves	13
Ladies' White Shirt Waists	45
Ladies' Dongola Oxfords	90
No. 40 All Silk Ribbon, per yd.	15
Malta-Vita and Cera Nut Flakes, 2 packages	25
Lap Spreads, prices very low	

All these prices include tickets for the amount purchased, which can be applied on a set of China Dishes or on Oil Pictures.

TERMS—Strictly cash or produce.

OLD DUNCAN STAND.
SPRING MILLS, PA. **B. W. RIPKA.**

Musical College.

The Musical College at Freeburg, Snyder county, Pa., is in session and will continue without vacation until the holidays giving young people an opportunity of attending a term of six weeks or more at a trifling expense. Piano, organ, vocal, band and stringed instruments taught.

For catalogues address,
HENRY B. MOYER.

$2,000,000 for a School of Journalism.

Joseph Pulitzer, editor of the New York World, has provided the sum of $2,000,000 to establish a school of journalism at Columbia University, New York. A new building for the school will be erected on Morningside Heights at a cost of $500,000.

The building will probably be completed by the autumn of 1904, and it is expected that the school may be opened soon after. The course of study will be two years. Candidates will be admitted upon an examination as to good character and intelligence, but previous collegiate courses will not be required.

Thorough training in written English, in logic, in the elements of economics, and of political science, in the history of the United States and the contemporary history of Europe will be included in the school courses. The more technical courses will comprise instruction in newspaper administration, newspaper manufacture, the law and the ethics of journalism, the history of the press and related subjects.

It is settled that the fish hatchery will be built at Bellefonte. For a time it was thought the site could not be utilized for that purpose, but the obstacles have been finally overcome.

Phosphate . . .

FEED YOUR SOIL
SO IT MAY FEED YOU

I am offering . . . . .

South Carolina
Acid Phosphate
14 Per Centum
Pure for $12.50

D. W. Bradford.
CENTRE HALL.

THE REPORTER THREE MONTHS FOR THE ASKING.

You can have the Centre Reporter from now on until and including September 3, by sending a postal card to this office, asking that the Reporter be sent you until that date. The only condition being that prior to September 10th, provided you do not wish to become a regular subscriber, at one dollar per year, you will notify this office.

Remember this offer will give you the Reporter from now on until and including the issue of September 3, for the asking.